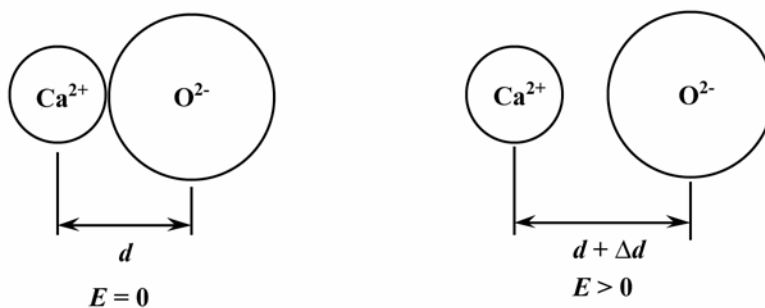


Field Vectors and Polarization

Types of Polarization

18.53 Shown below are the relative positions of Ca^{2+} and O^{2-} ions, without and with an electric field present.



Now,

$$d = r_{\text{Ca}^{2+}} + r_{\text{O}^{2-}} = 0.100 \text{ nm} + 0.140 \text{ nm} = 0.240 \text{ nm}$$

and

$$\Delta d = 0.05 d = (0.05)(0.240 \text{ nm}) = 0.0120 \text{ nm} = 1.20 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$$

From Equation 18.28, the dipole moment, p , is just

$$\begin{aligned} p &= q \Delta d \\ &= (1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})(1.20 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}) \\ &= 1.92 \times 10^{-30} \text{ C}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$