18.51 In this problem we are given, for a parallel-plate capacitor, its area (3225 mm<sup>2</sup>), the plate separation (1 mm), and that a material having an  $\varepsilon_r$  of 3.5 is positioned between the plates.

(a) We are first asked to compute the capacitance. Combining Equations 18.26 and 18.27, and solving for C yields

$$C = \frac{\varepsilon_r \varepsilon_0 A}{l}$$

$$= \frac{(3.5)(8.85 \text{ x } 10^{-12} \text{ F/m})(3225 \text{ mm}^2)(1 \text{ m}^2/10^6 \text{ mm}^2)}{10^{-3} \text{ m}}$$

$$= 10^{-10} \text{ F} = 100 \text{ pF}$$

(b) Now we are asked to compute the electric field that must be applied in order that  $2 \ge 10^{-8}$  C be stored on each plate. First we need to solve for *V* in Equation 18.24 as

$$V = \frac{Q}{C} = \frac{2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ C}}{10^{-10} \text{ F}} = 200 \text{ V}$$

The electric field *E* may now be determined using Equation 18.6; thus

$$E = \frac{V}{l} = \frac{200 \text{ V}}{10^{-3} \text{ m}} = 2.0 \text{ x} 10^5 \text{ V/m}$$