

18.31 In order to solve for the electron and hole mobilities for GaSb, we must write conductivity expressions for the two materials, of the form of Equation 18.13—i.e.,

$$\sigma = n|e|\mu_e + p|e|\mu_h$$

For the intrinsic material

$$\begin{aligned} 8.9 \times 10^4 (\Omega \cdot \text{m})^{-1} &= (8.7 \times 10^{23} \text{ m}^{-3})(1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}) \mu_e \\ &+ (8.7 \times 10^{23} \text{ m}^{-3})(1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}) \mu_h \end{aligned}$$

which reduces to

$$0.639 = \mu_e + \mu_h$$

Whereas, for the extrinsic GaSb

$$\begin{aligned} 2.3 \times 10^5 (\Omega \cdot \text{m})^{-1} &= (7.6 \times 10^{22} \text{ m}^{-3})(1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}) \mu_e \\ &+ (1.0 \times 10^{25} \text{ m}^{-3})(1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}) \mu_h \end{aligned}$$

which may be simplified to

$$0.1436 = 7.6 \times 10^{-3} \mu_e + \mu_h$$

Thus, we have two independent expressions with two unknown mobilities. Upon solving these equations simultaneously, we get $\mu_e = 0.50 \text{ m}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s}$ and $\mu_h = 0.14 \text{ m}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s}$.