

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\frac{0.703}{8.94 \text{ g/cm}^3}}{\frac{0.703}{8.94 \text{ g/cm}^3} + \frac{0.297}{8.25 \text{ g/cm}^3}} \\
 &= 0.686
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{\epsilon} &= \frac{\frac{W_{\epsilon}}{\rho'_{\epsilon}}}{\frac{W_{\alpha}}{\rho'_{\alpha}} + \frac{W_{\epsilon}}{\rho'_{\epsilon}}} \\
 &= \frac{\frac{0.297}{8.25 \text{ g/cm}^3}}{\frac{0.703}{8.94 \text{ g/cm}^3} + \frac{0.297}{8.25 \text{ g/cm}^3}} \\
 &= 0.314
 \end{aligned}$$

Now, using Equation 18.12

$$\begin{aligned}
 \rho &= \rho_{\alpha} V_{\alpha} + \rho_{\epsilon} V_{\epsilon} \\
 &= (1.88 \times 10^{-8} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m})(0.686) + (5.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m})(0.314) \\
 &= 1.80 \times 10^{-7} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Finally, for the conductivity (Equation 18.4)

$$\sigma = \frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{1}{1.80 \times 10^{-7} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m}} = 5.56 \times 10^6 \text{ } (\Omega \cdot \text{m})^{-1}$$