

18.10 (a) The drift velocity of electrons in Si may be determined using Equation 18.7. Since the room temperature mobility of electrons is  $0.14 \text{ m}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s}$  (Table 18.3), and the electric field is  $500 \text{ V/m}$  (as stipulated in the problem statement),

$$\begin{aligned}v_d &= \mu_e E \\ &= (0.14 \text{ m}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s})(500 \text{ V/m}) = 70 \text{ m/s}\end{aligned}$$

(b) The time,  $t$ , required to traverse a given length,  $l$  ( $= 25 \text{ mm}$ ), is just

$$t = \frac{l}{v_d} = \frac{25 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}}{70 \text{ m/s}} = 3.6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$$