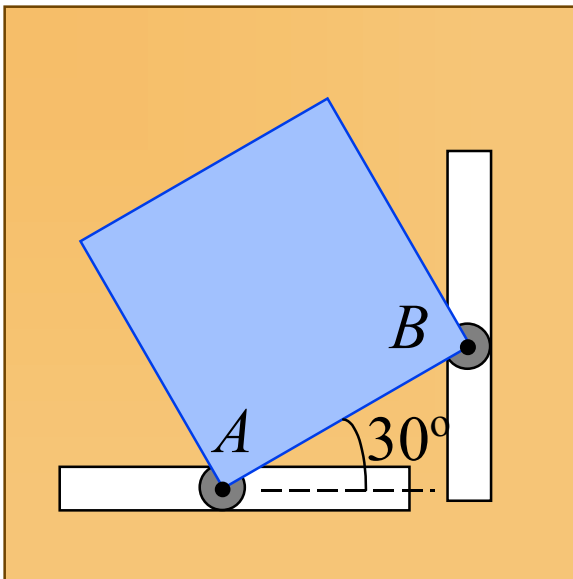
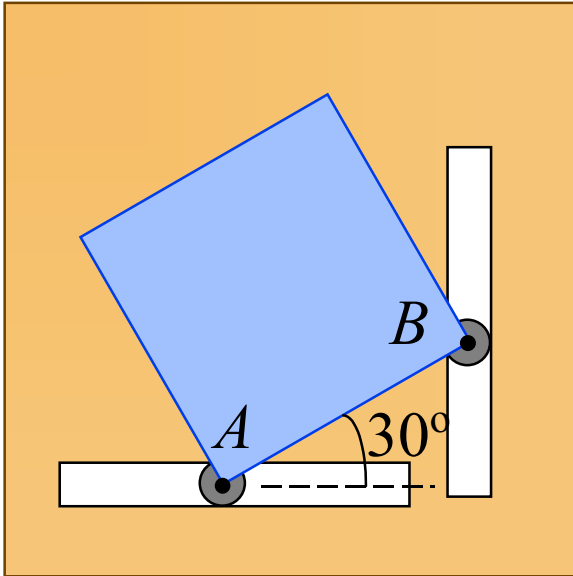


Problem 16.163



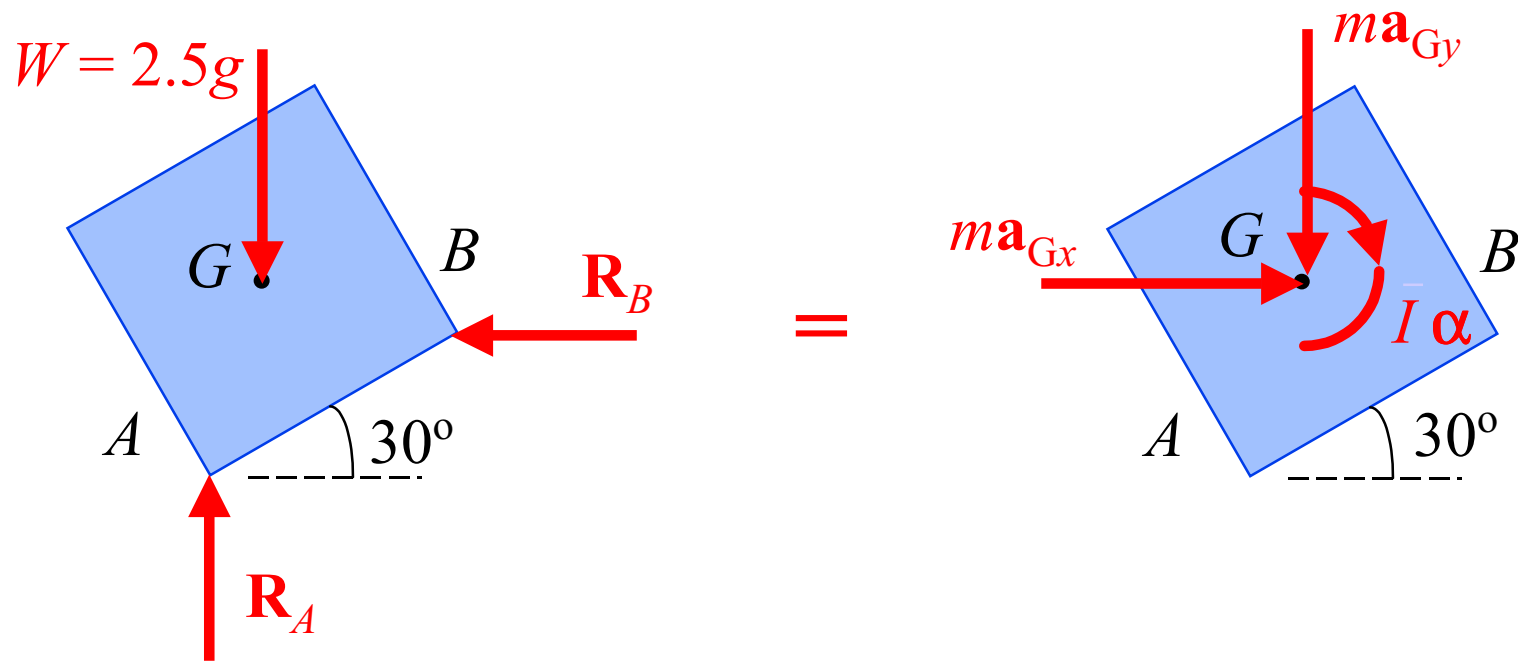
The motion of a square plate of side 150 mm and mass 2.5 kg is guided by pins at corners A and B that slide in slots cut in a vertical wall. Immediately after the plate is released from rest in the position shown, determine (a) the angular acceleration of the plate, (b) the reaction at corner A .

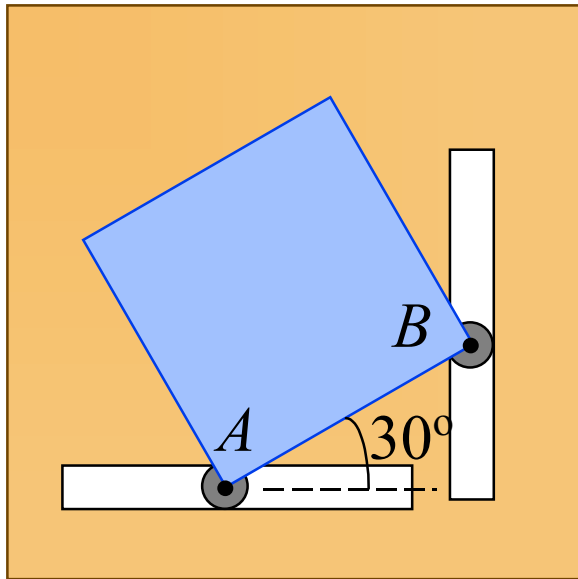


Kinetics: draw a free body diagram.

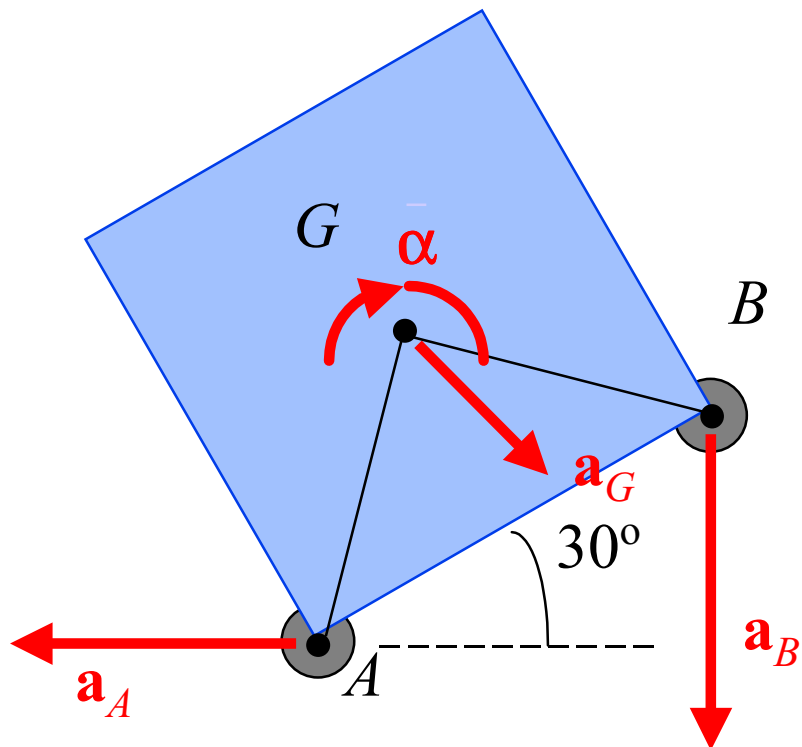
$$\bar{I} = \frac{1}{12} m (b^2 + c^2)$$

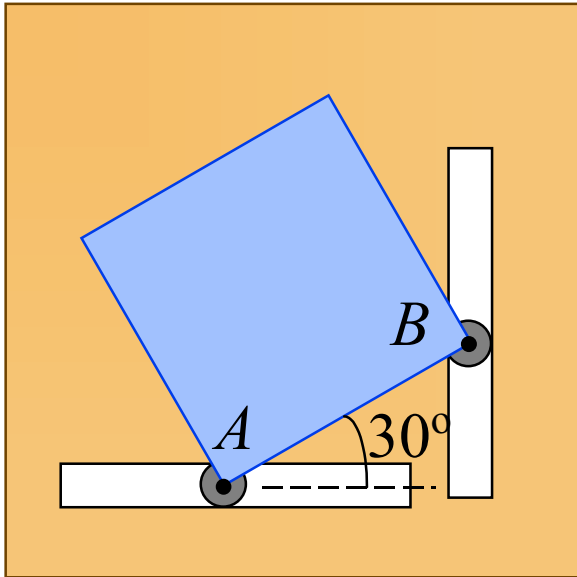
$$\bar{I} = \frac{1}{12} 2.5 (0.15^2 + 0.15^2) = 0.009375 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$





Kinematics:

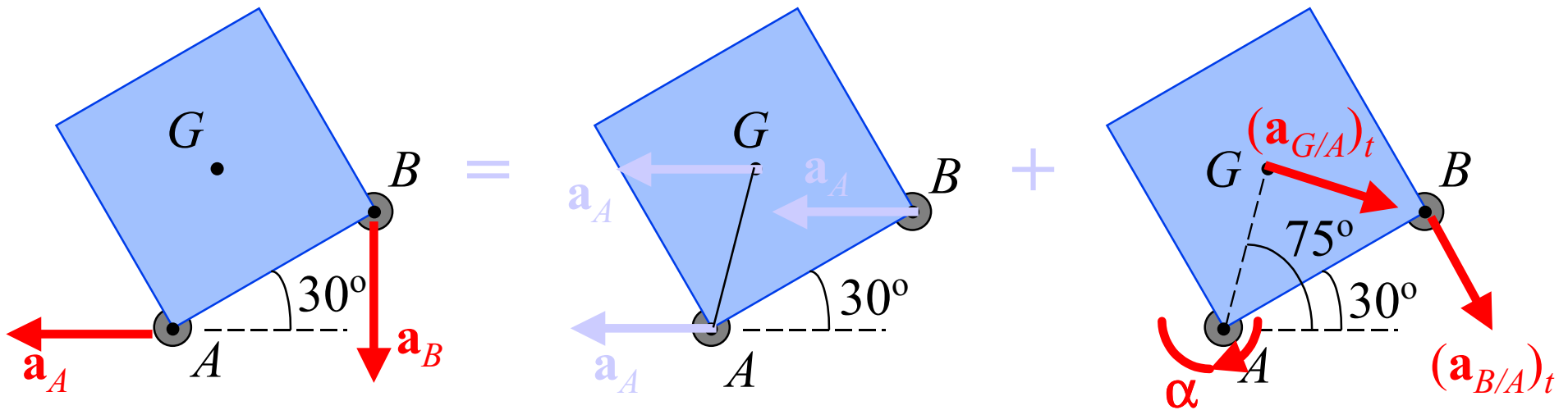


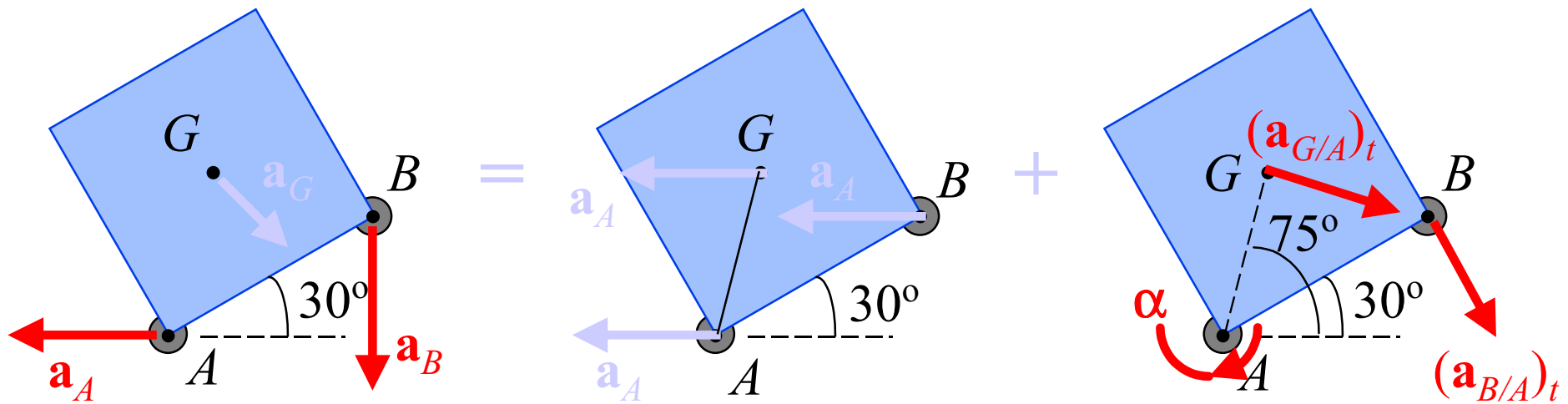


Kinematics:

$$(a_{B/A})_t = \alpha r_{B/A} = 0.15 \alpha$$

$$(a_{G/A})_t = \alpha r_{G/A} = 0.1061 \alpha$$





$$\mathbf{a}_B = \mathbf{a}_A + \mathbf{a}_{B/A}$$

The x component ($+\rightarrow$): $0 = -a_A + 0.15\alpha \sin 30^\circ$

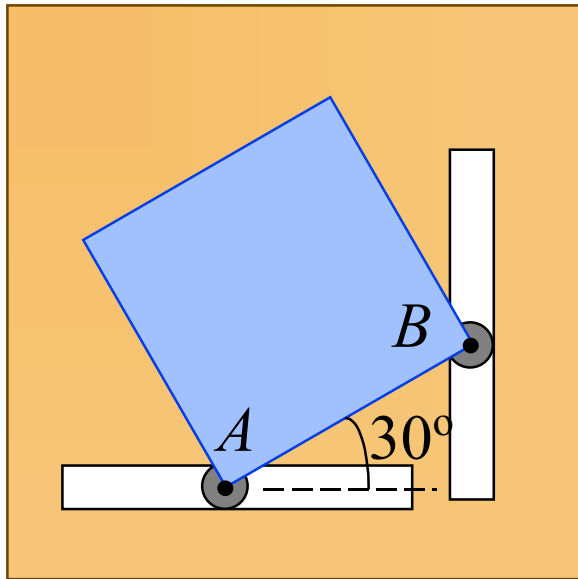
$$a_A = 0.075\alpha$$

$$\mathbf{a}_G = \mathbf{a}_A + \mathbf{a}_{G/A}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_G = -0.075\alpha \mathbf{i} + (a_{G/A})_t \cos 15^\circ \mathbf{i} - (a_{G/A})_t \sin 15^\circ \mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_G = -0.075\alpha \mathbf{i} + 0.1061\alpha \cos 15^\circ \mathbf{i} - 0.1061\alpha \sin 15^\circ \mathbf{j}$$

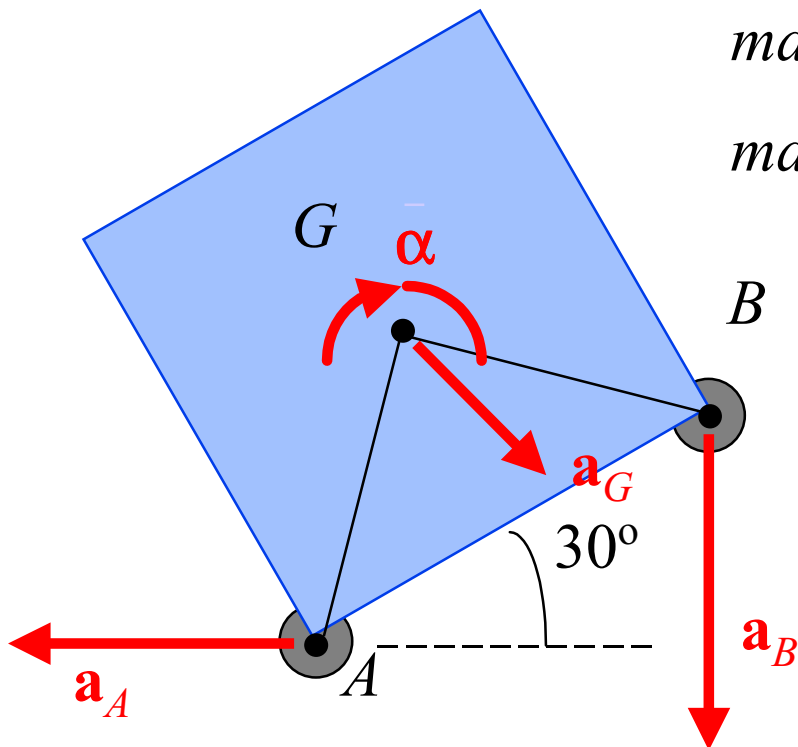
$$\mathbf{a}_G = 0.02745 \alpha \mathbf{i} - 0.02745\alpha \mathbf{j}$$

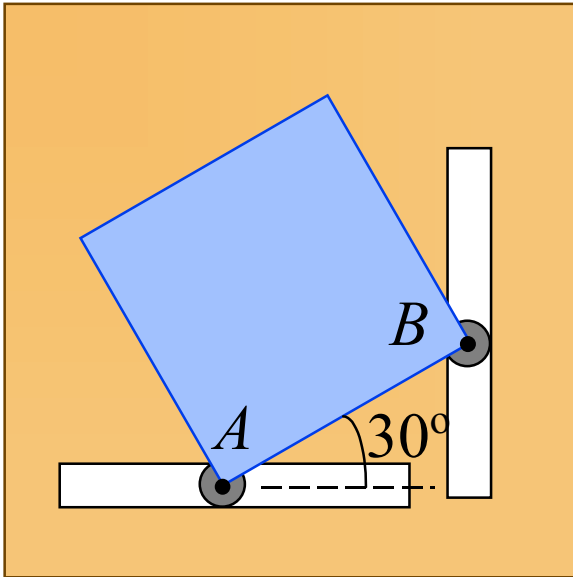


Kinematics:

$$ma_{Gx} = 2.5 (0.02745 \alpha) = 0.068745 \alpha \text{ N}$$

$$ma_{Gy} = 2.5 (0.02745 \alpha) = 0.068745 \alpha \text{ N}$$





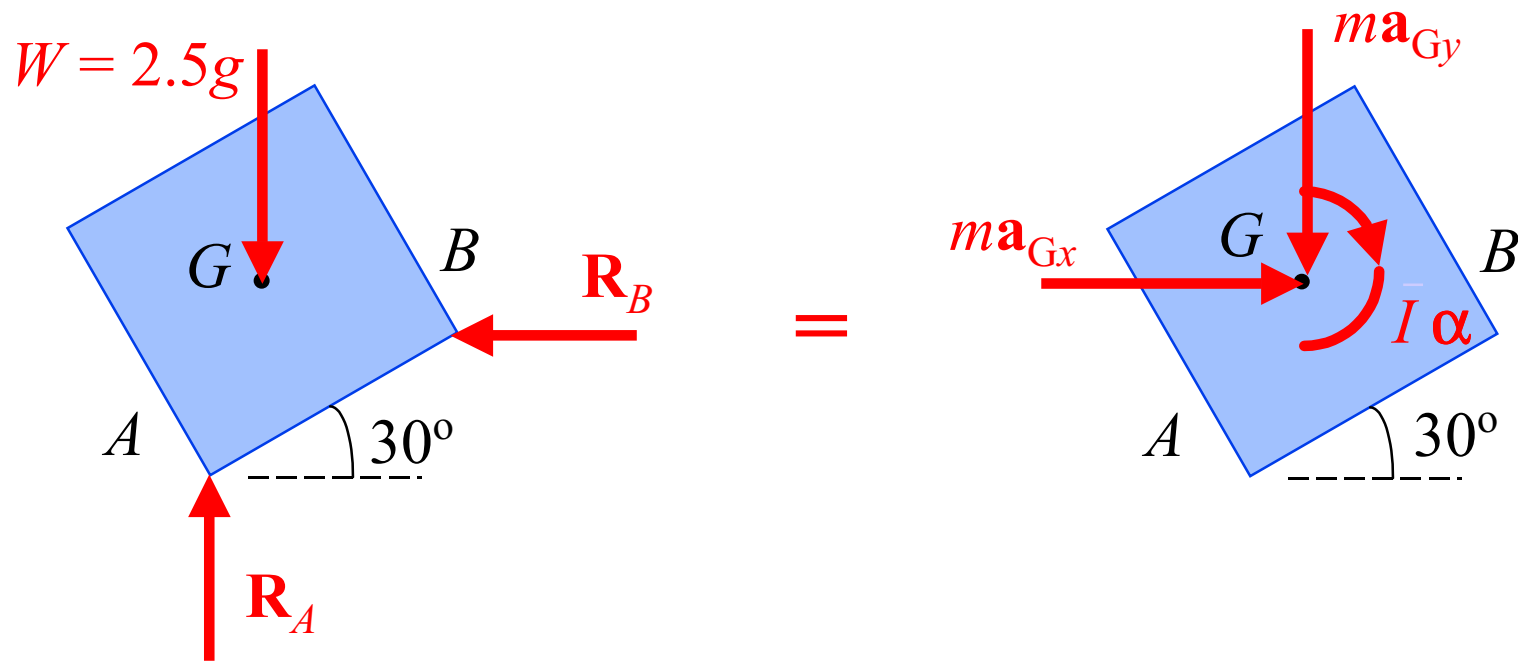
Kinetics: draw a free body diagram.

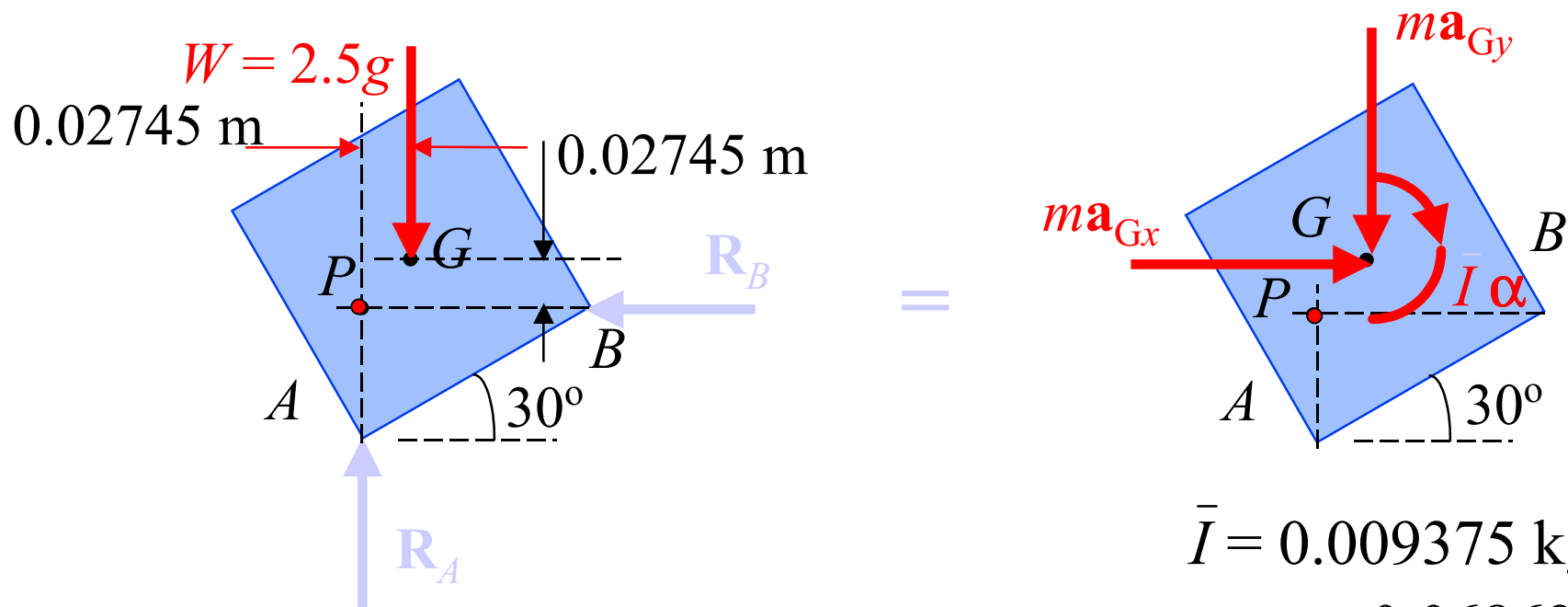
$$\bar{I} = \frac{1}{12} m (b^2 + c^2)$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{1}{12} 2.5 (0.15^2 + 0.15^2) = 0.009375 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$m a_{Gx} = 2.5 (0.02745 \alpha) = 0.068745 \alpha \text{ N}$$

$$m a_{Gy} = 2.5 (0.02745 \alpha) = 0.068745 \alpha \text{ N}$$





(a) Angular acceleration of the plate:

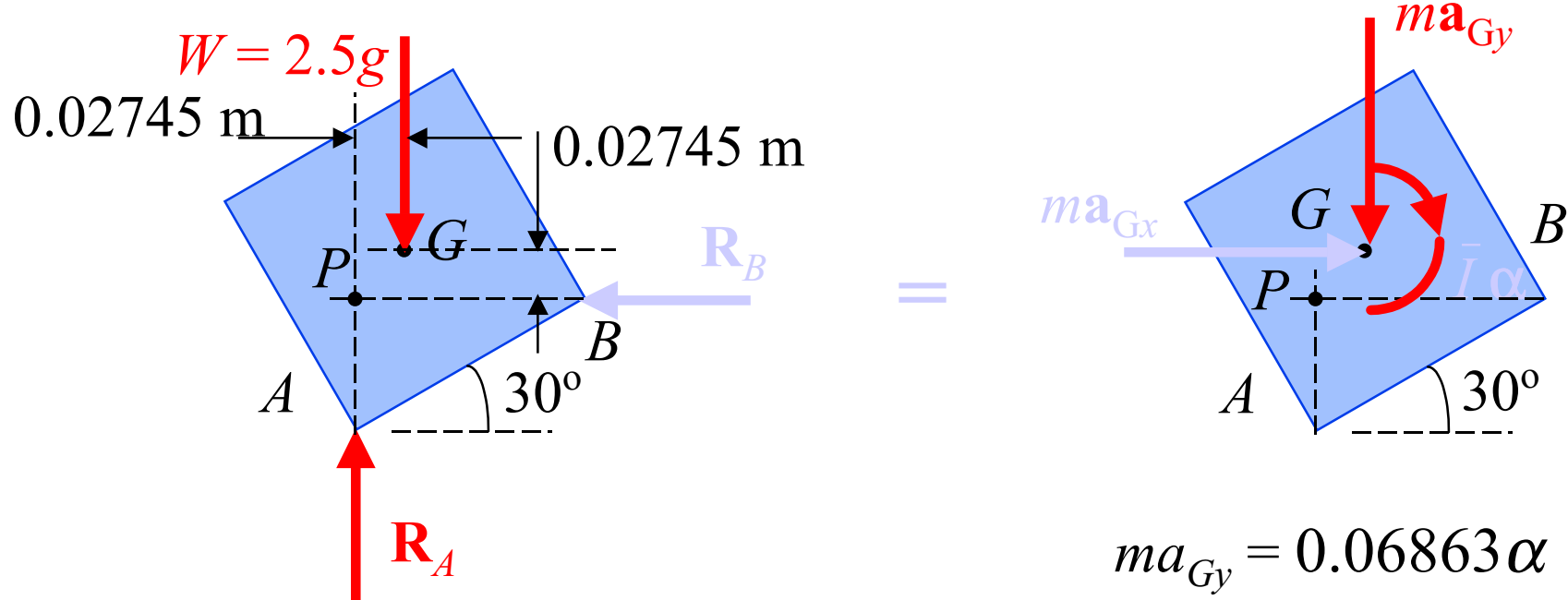
Moments about point P (+ \curvearrowright) :

$$2.5(9.81)(0.02745) = 0.009375\alpha + 2[(0.06863\alpha)(0.02745)]$$

$$\alpha = 51.2 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$\alpha = 51.2 \text{ rad/s}^2 \curvearrowright$$

Problem 16.163 Solution



$$ma_{Gy} = 0.06863 \alpha \text{ N}$$

$$\alpha = 51.2 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

(b) The reaction at A:

$$+\uparrow \Sigma F_y = m a_y : \quad R_A - 2.5(9.81) = -0.06863(51.2)$$

$$R_A = 21.0 \text{ N}$$

$$\mathbf{R}_A = 21.0 \text{ N } \uparrow$$