

THE M&A "PITCH BOOK": PROPOSED ACQUISITION OF HELLER FINANCIAL BY UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

This technical note offers an example of a complete "pitch book" for use as a basis of class discussion and learning. Actual pitch books are almost never made available for public use. This presentation was prepared by a group of Darden students in April 2001 for a jury of M&A executives from United Technologies Corporation—they judged this work to be of excellent quality, among the best they had seen in any setting. A separate validation of the deal concept is given in the final exhibit, which records the announcement on July 30, 2001, by General Electric of its acquisition of Heller.

As you review this document, consider both its form and content. Why are each exhibit and section included in the document? What analytical work underpins the exhibits? What might explain the presentation format? What oral comments might one make in supporting this presentation before a group of executives? Consider the work from two standpoints:

Presenter: The person or team presenting a pitch book is seeking a mandate to do the deal. A corporate-development officer seeks the resources, time, and commitment of senior executives in order to initiate negotiations, due-diligence research, closing, and integration. An outside financial adviser seeks these resources, and also hopes to obtain a signed letter or contract committing the buyer to pay the adviser's fee. Thus, from the presenter's standpoint, a pitch book is necessarily a selling document.

Addience: The executives hearing the presentation may receive hundreds of such recommendations each year. Their main task is to decide quickly whether this deal concept merits forther work and research. They will be impatient, and will want to get to the key ideas right away. Given the high failure rate of such recommendations, executives are bound to be a skeptical audience, looking for reasons to reject the proposal. Careful reasoning and some solid analysis will be vital to persuading this audience.

Consider how the following pitch book meets the requirements of both presenter and audience.

This note was prepared by Professor Robert Bruner from an original presentation by Allison Bridges, Jessica Chan, Leslie Glatz, Miguel Palacios, Christopher Stringer, and Karen Whitney. It was written as a basis for class discussion rather than to illustrate effective or ineffective handling of an administrative situation. Copyright © 2002 by the University of Virginia Darden School Foundation, Charlottesville, VA. All rights reserved. *To order copies, send an e-mail to* dardencases@virginia.edu. *No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, used in a spreadsheet, or transmitted in any form or by any means—electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise—without the permission of the Darden School Foundation. \diamond*



April 19, 2001

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Term Sheet

Term Shee	et
Purchase Price	
Total Deal Size	\$4,845 million.
Implied Price per Share	\$50.00
Resulting HF Ownership of UTX	
Transaction Fees	\$16.11 million (0.10% of deal size for Investment Bank + 0.15% to logal and accounting times and \$4 million in other fees).
Exchange Ratio	
Сар	\$57.50
Accounting Issues	
Form	Purchase Accounting.
Consideration	100% Stock.
	UTX will issue shares for the 100% deal price and stagger the stock issue so that it can have the option to sell shares on
	the open market to pay HF's B Sharehorders (i.e. Fuji Bank) cash for 19.9% of the deal. We assume that Fuji Bank may be
	interested in liquidity, and consequently prefer cash consideration over stock. The acquisition will still qualify as a
	section 368(a) reverse triangular merger for tax purposes.
Number of Shares to be issued	64.35 million shares.
Tax Considerations	Section 368(a) Revene Trianghar Merger.
\sim	This structure will allow UF to main tain its contractual relationships. Also, this structure facilitates elimination of
Land	minority interest in HF It will be necessary to create a Special Purchase Vehicle to merge into HF.
Legal Synergy Value	S2.5 billion in Revenue Enhancements.
Synergy value	\$0.4 billion in Cost Savings.
	(\$0.1) billion in Transaction Costs.
\sim	(30.1) billion in Transaction Costs.
Transaction Process Requirements	
Termination Remalties	Cash penalty of \$145 million plus out-of-pocket expenses up to \$20 million.
Other	No Shop Clause.
Shareholder Vote	UTX and HF shareholders must approve the deal.
Closing Date	December 31, 2001.
Social Issues	
Organization Structure	HF becomes a stand-alone subsidiary of UTX.
Executives	HF top five executives will get three year contracts and sign-on bonuses.
Board Seats	Richard Almeida, HF Chair & CEO, will get a board seat.
Headquarters	Maintain both headquarters.
Name	Subsidiary will remain Heller Financial, Inc.
Reduction in Workforce	None.

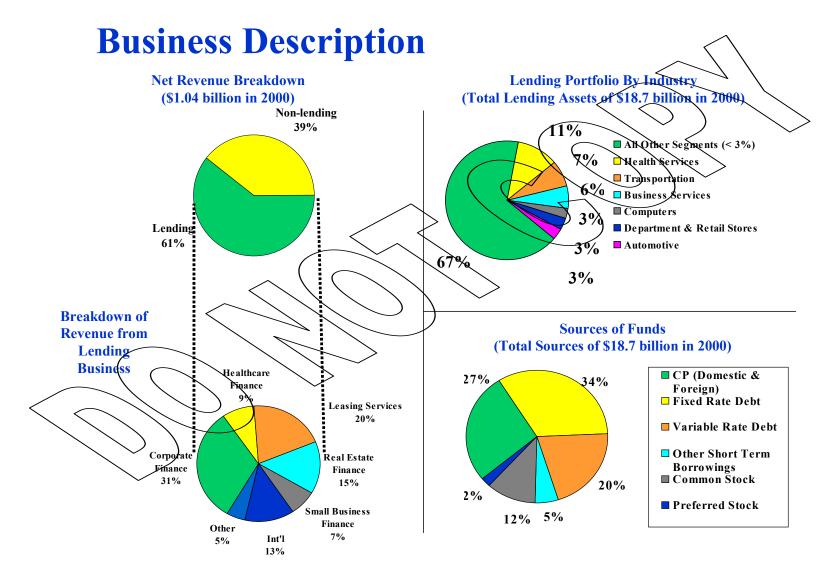
Deal Rationale

• Heller will enable UTX to

- ✓ Increase sales by meeting financing needs of customers
- Respond to the growing importance of leasing as an order-winning criteria and as a distribution channel used by OEMs to sell capital equipment*
- ✓ Promote the concept of "ktetime customer management" by offering financing with products, maintenance and services
- ✓ Respond to competitors actions
- ✓ Improve capital management and efficiency
- Develop a new base of revenue growth, recurring revenue, and profit stability

✓ Improve UT¢'s margins**

* See Exhibit 1 ** See Exhibit 2



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Industry Overview

- Structure
 - ✓ Highly fragmented
 - ✓ Underserved by banks
 - Low equipment rental penetration rate in the US (20% vs. 70% in Japan)
 - A large portion of business originates from leasing companies with industrial affiliates*
- Trends
 - ✓ Consolidation activity slowing
 - ✓ Increasing OEM creep into the industry
 - Increasing segmentation
 - Heightened importance of management
 - and credit quality
 - Technology has improved ability to manage risks

Performance**

	\leq		
3-yr	High	Low	Average
Sales growth (%)	108.1	-9:2	20.1
Net income growth	28.8	-374.2	14.8
ROE (%)	27.4	-15.9	11.0
ROA (%)	-4.0	3.7	1.3

Recession Outlook

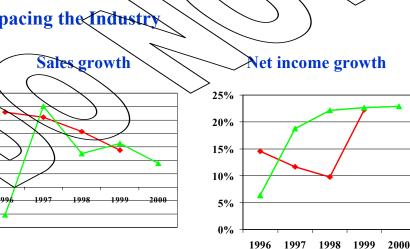
- ✓ Rental activity increases during recessions
- ✓ Banks become highly selective, shying away from the middle market
- ✓ Historically, leasing companies have used recessions as a time to expand their businesses
- ✓ Technology improvements will allow companies to respond more quickly, confidently and precisely, thus improving risk management
- ✓ Conclusion: Recession not to be feared

* See Exhibit 3 ** See Exhibit 4 •

Why Heller *versus* Other Leasing **Companies?***

- \checkmark The best target among Monitor's Top 25 Equipment Finance/Leasing companies
- ✓ High quality management
- ✓ Strong domestic and international brand name

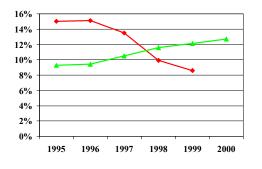
Outpacing the Industr



✓ Recently implemented growth initiatives have been very successful Accelerating earnings momentum

✓ Broad origination platform Stable credit quality

Return on Equity



* See Exhibit 5

35%

30%

25%

20%

15%

178 5%

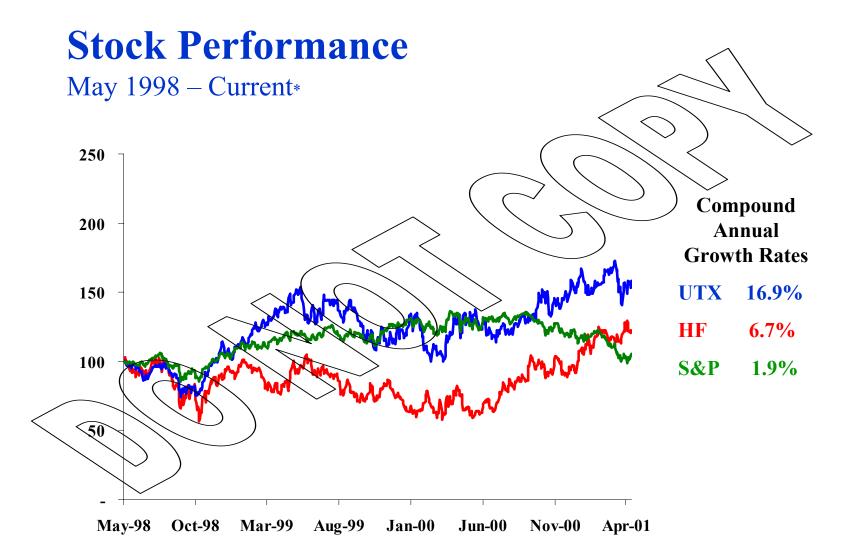
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-10%

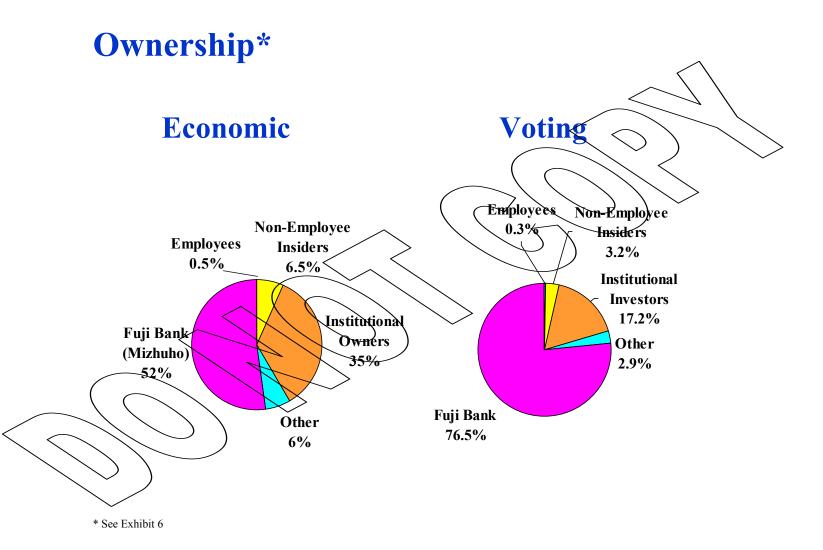
-15%

Industry — Heller



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* As of 4/12/01



Market.	viuiu	JIES					\frown
	01	DEC			Price		
Company	Share Price	PEG Ratio	Net Revenues	Tangible Book	2000 EPS	2001 EPS	2002 EPS
Allied Capital Corp.	\$19.90	0.64	9.26 x	1.65 x	11.94 x	8.66 x	7.60 x
Comdisco Inc.	1.20	0.03	0.75 x	13.84 x	0,05 x	0.67×	0.90 x
DVI, Inc.	14.41	0.63	9.47 x	$\left(1.01x\right)$	10.40 x	9.85	→7.39 x
Financial Federal Corp.	24.30	0.95	7.41 x	2.31x	15.7X x	18.54 x	16.32 x
GATX Corp.	38.27	1.09	1.34 x	148.07 x	$\underbrace{}_{60.57 \text{ x}}$	14.60 x	12.63 x
Median of Leasing	g Companies	0.64	7:41 x	2.31 x	11.94 x	9.85 x	7.60 x
Bank of America Corp.	\$52,45	1.55	1.5 1 x	∕ <u>1.83 x</u>	11.62 x	10.73 x	9.75 x
Citigroup Inc	46.95	0.79	3.20 x	3.38 x	17.66 x	15.34 x	13.54 x
FleetBoston Fin ancial Co rp.	39.00	0.91	1.65 x	2.22 x	10.49 x	11.14 x	10.05 x
Median of Full Se	rvice Banks	0.93	1.65 x	2.22 x	11.62 x	11.14 x	10.05 x
	Overall Low:	0.03	0.75 x	1.01 x	0.05 x	0.67 x	0.90 x
\searrow)	Overall Median:	0.85	2.42 x	2.27 x	11.78 x	10.93 x	9.90 x
	Overall High:	1.55	9.47 x	148.07 x	60.57 x	18.54 x	16.32 x
Implied HF Share			\$25.96	\$60.50	\$35.50		

Market Multiples*

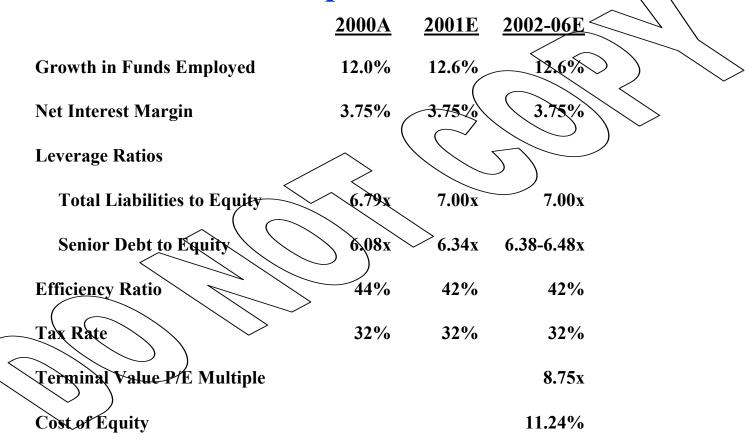
* See Exhibit 7

Equity Value Multiples Acquiring Equity Net Net Book Target Company Value Value, Income Revenue 30,938 Associates First Capital Corp. 236 x **2**0.57 x 30.05 x Citigroup Tyco International CIT Group, The 9,417 2*.*87 x 14.93 x 0.13 x Heller Financial Inc. Healthcare Financial Partners 485 9.26 x 2.01 x 28.55 x **Overall Low:** 2.4 x 14.9 x 0.1 x **Overall Median:** 2.6 x 20.6 x 2.0 x **Overall High:** 9.3 x 28.5 x 30.0 x Implied HE Share Price \$27.54 \$61.97 \$53.63

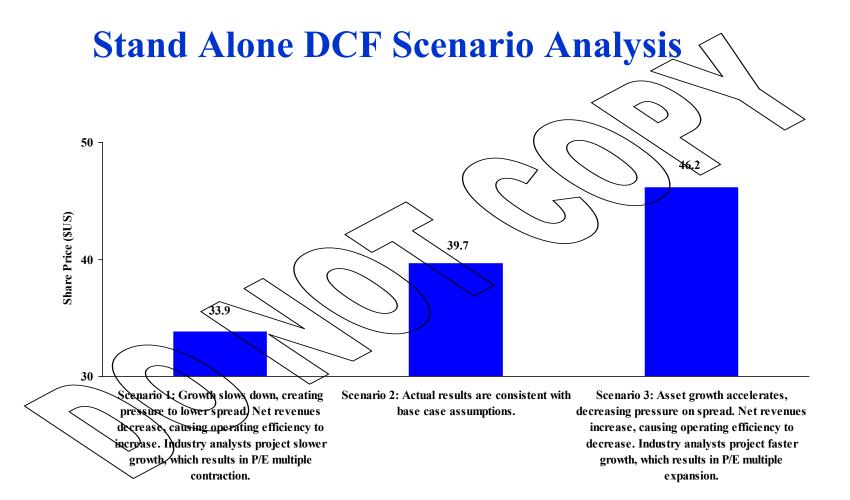
Transaction Multiples*

* See Exhibit 8

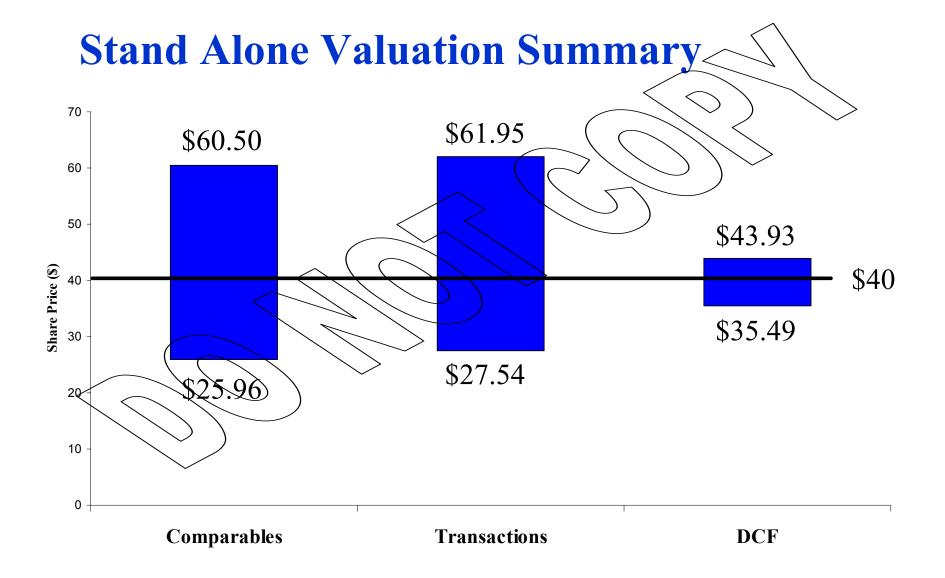
DCF Model Assumptions*

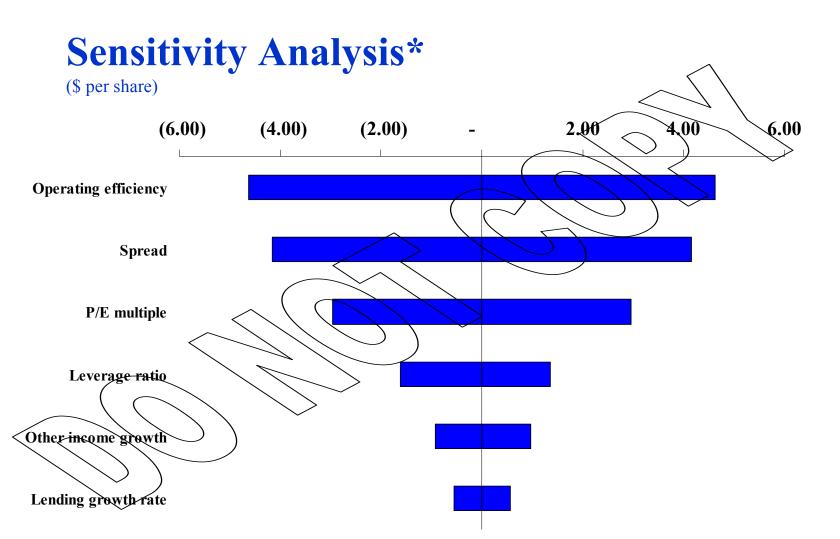


* See Exhibit 9



Note: This scenario analysis involves changing selected parameters +/-5% from the base case assumptions.





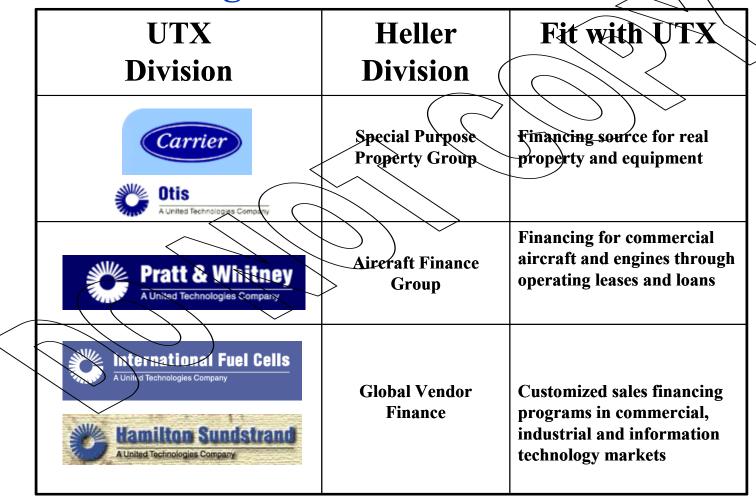
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Note: Sensitivity based on 10% variations of base case.

* See Exhibit 10

UVA-F-1338

Heller Integration with UTX

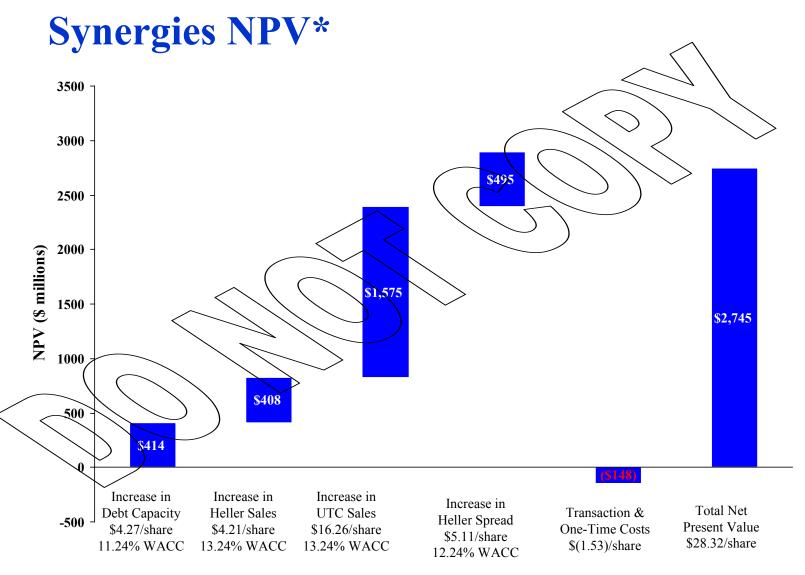


Impact to UTX (\$ in millions except per share) 2002E 2003E 2004È % % /% amount amount amount increase increase increase increase increase increase Net Revenue \$2,003 6.9% \$3,007 NO 29 \$4,276 13,2% **\914** EBIT 701 17.0% 20.1% 1,173 23.4% Net Income 15.1% 633 24.3% 796 348 27.8% \$ 1.17 EPS Y\$.4% 21.4% \$ 1.47 24.5% Ratio Analysis: **ROA UTC** 8.85% 9.62% 10.17% .46% 1.44% 1.41% ROA Heller ROA Total 4.97% 5.90% 5.64% Decrease in ROA(1) -3.88% -3.98% -4.28% Debt/Total Gap UTC 30.89% Debt/Total Cap Heller 85.79% Debt/Total Cap Total 45.46% Increase in Debt/Total Capitalization (2) 14.58%

(1) Financial service firms have very low ROA's which is the reason for the large decrease in UTC's new ROA. The analysts should see through this disparity since they are familiar with GE and GE Capital's impact on ROA.

(2) Change in debt/total capitalization has only been estimated for 2002 because UTC's future capitalization levels are unknown.

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* See Exhibits 11&12

Terminal Value is calculated at 8.75X earnings

Risks

• Cost depends on stock price up to \$87.12/share

• Ability to acquire HF

✓ Japanese owners have controlling interest

✓ Issue enough shares at right price

✓ Regulatory approvals

• Integration risk

✓ UTX is not in the financial services business

Synergies are primarily revenue related

Employees must stay with company

• Economic and business conditions

Sensitivity to interest rate conditions

Quality of HF's assets*

• Ability to maintain UTX's debt rating * See Exhibit 16

Bidding Strategy

• Bidding should be bound by the following:

- ✓ Upper bound \$66.50 per share which includes the DCF value for Heller and 100% of anticipated synergies.
- ✓ Lower bound \$33.95 current market price per share.
- Other considerations Expected Value Not to Tender (EVNT) of \$43 per share will replace the market price as the lower bound if other bidders are anticipated.*

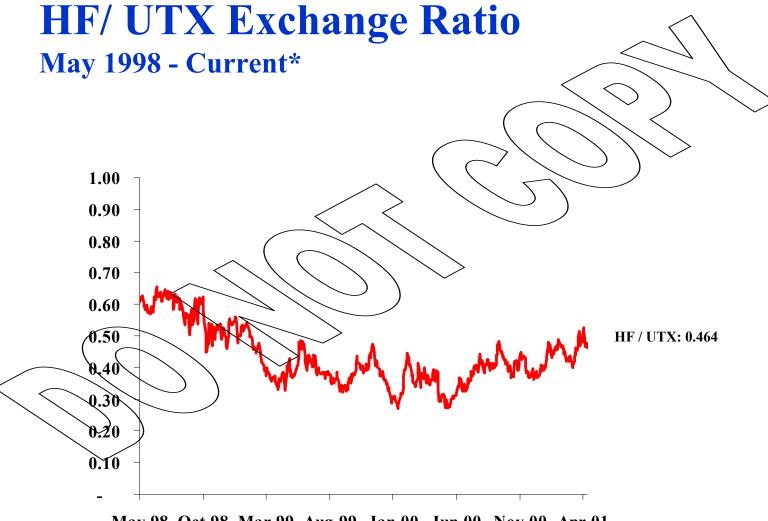
• Heller is rumored to be "in play"

✓ Current market share price may already contain some acquisition premium.

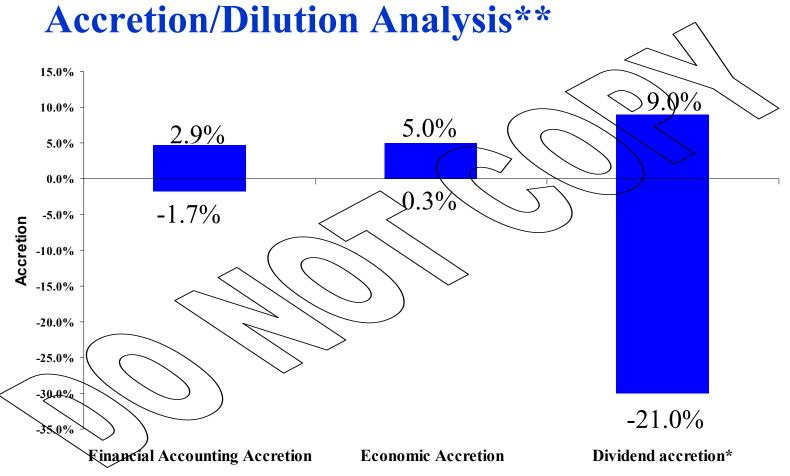
✓ UTC must bid enough to decisively gain target shareholder approval, thereby reducing the threat of other bidders.

• We recommend an initial bid of \$50 per share (47% premium)

* See Exhibits 14 & 15



May-98 Oct-98 Mar-99 Aug-99 Jan-00 Jun-00 Nov-00 Apr-01



Note: Accretion ranges correspond to Heller's share price between \$45 and \$65.

*Dividend accretion estimated assuming dividends of 25% of diluted EPS for UTX and 24% for HF.

UTX voting rights: Existing UTX shareholders will own 90% and 86% of the combined company after paying \$45 and \$65, respectively.

** See Exhibit 13

Exhibit 1: Industrial Affiliates Dominate the Equipment Leasing Industry

The 100 Largest Equipment Finance/Leasing Companies in the U.S.

Rank	κ.		N	et Assets			Ran	ĸ	<
1999	1998	Company	1999	1998	% Growth		1999	1998	Company
1	1	GE Capital	81,701	71,267	14.6%		51	56	SunTrust Leasing
2	5	CIT Group	35,086	33,093	6.0%		52	51	LaSalle National Leasing
3	2	IBM Global Financing	29,374	28,801	2.0%		53	50	State Street Bank & Trust
3 4	4	Associates Commercial			21.0%		53 54	50	
4	4		20,279	16,759				42	National City Leasing
5	-	International Lease Finance	16,153	14,962 12,823	8.0% 6.8%		55	57	PVI Inc
6 7	6	Banc of America Lsg & Capital	13,700	· · ·	9.5%		57	-20	SiercaCities.com
8	7	Caterpillar Financial	13,347	12,184			1		Chase Equipment Leasing
	22	Fleet Capital	12,939	11,073	16.8%		58		Safeco Credit
9	8	Citigroup Global/EF	11,881	10,489	13.3%	\frown	59	52	Farm Credit Leasing
10	14	CNH Capital	9,655	8,386	15.1%		NO NO	63	Siemens Credit
11	9	First Union Leasing	8,839	7,370	19.9%	\sim	/ 61		ICX Corporation
12	10	John Deere Credit	8,553	7,046	21.4%	$\langle \sim$	62	53	HSBCZEFD
13	13	Banc One Leasing	7,665	6,170	24.2%		63	61	First Security Leasing
14	15	Key Equipment Finance	7,029	5,940	18.3%	\backslash	64	74	Wachovia Leasing
15	12	Philip Morris Capital	6,649	5,238	26.9%	$\langle \rangle$	⁶⁵	જે	Hitachi Credit America
16	17	Finova Capital	5,687	5,120	11.1%		~ 6	95	AmSouth Leasing
17	18	Hewlett-Packard Tech Finance	5,540	4,610	20.2%		67	67	Financial Federal
18	16	Comdisco	5,201	5,497	-5.4%		68	64	Rollins Truck Leasing
19	-	Mercedez-Benz Credit	5,145	4,188	22.9%		69	69	El Camino Resources Int'l.
20	20	GATX Capital	5,056	4,716	7.2%		70	60	PLM International
21	19	Xerox Credit	4,924	5,009	-1.7%		71	75	Norlease
22	-	Ryder System	4,580	4,365	***	\mathbf{i}	72	71	Comerica Leasing
23	23	Navistar Financial	4,229	3,618	16.9%		73	72	Advanta Leasing Services
24	27	Heller Financial	4,100	3,346	22.5%		74	-	Provident Commercial
25	24	BNY Capital Funding	3,924	5,464	13.3%		75	78	Sumitomo Bank Lsg & Finance
26	26	Pitney Bowes Credit	3,799	3,404	11.6%		76	65	Charter Financial
27	25	US Bancorp Lsg & Financial	3,629	3,432	5.7%		77	94	Citizens Leasing
28	31	Chrysler Capital	3,315	2,858	16.0%		78	76	ATEL Capital
29	29	Mellon Leasing	3,233	. 2,968	8.9%		79	77	Allfirst Leasing
30	30	ORIX Credit Alliance	3,203	2,910	10.1%		80	81	GTE Leasing
31	30	Copelco Capital	3,145	2,439	28.9%		81	84	Summit Commercial Leasing
32	28	BTM Capital	3,113	3,264	-4.6%		82	86	Canon Financial Services
	40	Textron Financial	3,102	2,154	44.0%		83	-	Information Leasing
34	33	Bell Atlantic Credit	3,028	2,742	10.4%		84	87	Computer Sales International
-35	34	Paccar Financial	2,970	2,520	17.8%		85	-	ICON Capital
36	32	Boeing Capital	2,908	2,800	3.9%		86	90	HPSC Inc.
37	55	UniCapital Corp	2,765	804	244.1%		87	88	Forsythe Technology
38	38	Wells Fargo EF	2,762	2,221	24.4%		88	89	TCF Leasing
39	35	IOS Capital	2,736	2,603	5.1%		89	85	Diamond Leasing
40	59	Transamerica Equip Financial	2,626	1,733	51.5%		90	-	LINC Capital
41	42	Volvo Commercial Finance	2,326	1,570	48.1%		91	91	First Hawaiian Leasing
42	46	EAB Leasing	2,104	1,469	43.2%		92	80	Amplicon
43	41	Fifth Third Leasing	2,065	1,656	24.7%		93	82	Meridian Group
44	-	debis Capital Services	1,983	1,673	18.6%		94	92	Norwest Financial Leasing
45	43	De Lage Landen Financial	1,962	1,537	27.6%		95	97	Reyna Capital
46	45	Firstar Equipment Finance	1,907	1,490	28.0%		96	98	M&I First National Leasing
47	47	Dana Commercial Credit	1,800	1,394	29.1%		97	-	IBJ Whitehall Business Credit
48	44	Lease Plan USA	1,795	1,498	19.8%		98	-	Old Kent Leasing
49	48	PNC Leasing	1,792	1,393	28.6%		99	-	GreatAmerica Leasing
50	-	Compaq Financial Services	1,632	723	125.8%		100	-	BB&T Leasing
			396,933	348,790	1_0.070				
			0,00,000	0-10,170					

Bolded items represent leasing companies with industrial parents.

Source: Monitor, http://www.monitordaily.com/mon100/mon100_00/asset00.html

	Rever	nue	Pre-Tax I	ncome	Pre-Tax M	augin	
Sales	1999 1998		1999	1998	1999	1998	
BOEING CAPITAL	285	260	127	105	44.4%	40.2%	
FINANCIAL FEDERAL	89	73	37	28	41.3%	→ _{38.2%})	>
NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP	328	276	101	(85		30.9%	
TEXTRON FINANCIAL	463	367	129	<u>\113</u> (27.8%	30.7%	
DVI INC	134	95	35	23	26.2%	23.7%	
JOHN DEERE CREDIT	1,137	973	(275	256	24.2%)	\$6.3%	
ORIX CREDIT ALLIANCE	280	249	56	63	19.9%	25.4%	
FINOVA GROUP	1,347	1,13	355	268	26.4%	23.9%	
CIT GROUP	2,917	2,271	597	524	20.5%	23.1%	
ASSOCIATES FIRST CAPITAL	12,13	9,37	2,377	1,941	19.6%	20.7%	
HELLER FINANCIAL	1,716	1,407 \	439	290	25.6%	20.6%	
PACCAR FINANCIAL	247	213	54	40	21.9%	19.0%	
GATX CAPITAL	545	467	121	123	22.2%	26.4%	
CATERPILLAR FINANCIAL 🧹 🔪	1,1,88	1,046	203>	179	17.1%	17.1%	
ROLLINS TRUCK LEASING	627	610	~ 93	85	14.8%	13.9%	
GE CAPITAL	46,605	41,405	5,761	4,559	12.4%	11.0%	
COMDISCO	4,159	3,243	75	240	1.8%	7.4%	
		>					

Exhibit2a: A Selected Sample of Monitor 100 Companies Ranked by Pre-Tax Margin

	E	xhibit 2b: U	IX Growth an	d Margins Will be Enhand	ced	\wedge	
						$\langle \rangle$	
Standalone	2000	2001E	2002E	Combined	2000	2001E	2002E
						$\langle $	
UTX				UTX	$\langle \rangle$		$\overline{\ }$
Sales	26,583	27,945	28,875	Sales	26,583	29,118	30,193
Operating income	3,140	3,748	4,111	Operating income	3,140	< 4,234	4,657
Net income	1,808	2,040	2,304	Net income	1,808	2,369	2,673
					$\langle \rangle \rangle \rangle$	\searrow	
Sales growth	10.2%	5.1%	3.3%	Sales growth	10.2%	9.5%	3.7%
EBT growth	23.0%	19.4%	9.7%	EBT growth	23.0%	34.8%	10.0%
Net income growth	21.3%	12.8%	12.9%	Net income growth	21.3%	31.0%	12.8%
			\langle	$\langle \rangle$			
Operating margin	11.8%	13.4%	14.2%	Operating margin	11.8%	14.5%	15.4%
Net margin	6.8%	7.3%	8.0%	Net margin	6.8%	8.1%	8.9%
		\sim	$\langle \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	$\langle \rangle \rangle$			
	~	\langle / \rangle	$\langle \ \rangle$	\backslash \checkmark			
Heller	< `	\sim	\sim				
Operating revenue	1,037	1,173	1,320				
EBT	431	×187_	546				
Net income	290	329	369				
	\frown		>				
Sales growth	8.9%	13.1% ~	12.5%				
EBT growth	20.1%)	12.9%	12.2%				
Net income growth	22.9%	/ 13.4%	12.2%				
	\backslash						
EBT margin) 41.6%	41.5%	41.3%				
\sim	-						

Exhibit 2b: UTX Growth and Margins Will be Enhanced

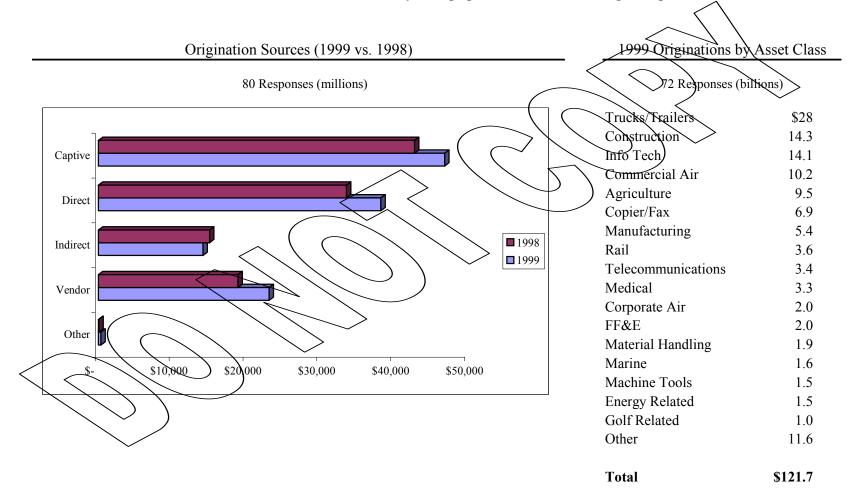


Exhibit 3: Monitor's Annual Survey of Equipment Finance/Leasing Companies

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% of Total Volume in Sample = 58%

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						1998 3 Yr	1999 3 Yr		3 Yr Ave
Sales	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	CAGR	CAGR	Percept	ROE
XEROX CREDIT CORP	352	340	351	388	435	3.3%	8.6%	XEROX CREDIT CORP	16.3
CATERPILLAR FINANCIAL SVCS	612	678	792	1,046	1,188	19.6%	20.6%	CATERPILLAR FINANCIAL SVCS	10.1
CIT GROUP INC	1,714	1,890	2,073	2,271	2,917	9.8%	15.6%	CIT GROUP INC	9.9
COMDISCO INC	2,235	2,390	2,757	3,218	4,149	12.9%	20.2%	COMPRISCO INC	13.7
FINOVA GROUP INC	782	811	975	1,113	1,347	12.5%	18.4%	KINOVA GROUP INC	13.1
GATX CAPITAL CORP	218	338	585	597	484	39.9%	12.7%	GATX CAPITAL CORP	✓ 15.1
GENERAL ELECTRIC CAP CORP	21,066	26,485	33,990	41,405	46,605	25.3%	20.7%	GENERAL ELECTRIC CAP CORP	16.0
HELLER FINANCIAL INC	1,049	941	1,224	1,377	1,602	9.5%	19.4%	HELLER FINANCIALINC	12.1
IBM CREDIT CORP	2,488	2,540	3,119	3,761	4,033	T4.8%	16.7%	IBM CREDIT CORP	17.6
NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP	228	253	235	276	328	6.5%	9.1%	NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP	19.9
PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP	180	193	197	213	247	5.7%	8.6%	PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP	8.5
PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP	676	769	779	646	\$77	-1.5%	-9.8%	PITNEY DOWES CREDIT CORP	16.3
AMRESCO INC	110	200	410	527	430	68.3%	29.0%	AMRESCO INC	(15.9
DVI INC	39	57	70	95	134	34.7%	33.1%	DVI INC	9.5
HPSC INC	13	19	27	38	45	43.1%	33.1%	HPSC INC	5.1
KBK CAPITAL CORP	11	12	15	~ 18	19	17.9%	16.2%	KBK CAPITAL CORP	6.1
NATIONAL RURAL UTIL COOP CP	505	564		791	1,021	16.1%	21.8%	NATIONAL RURAL UTIL COOP CP	27.4
OCWEN FINANCIAL CORP	NA	269	420	419	399	NA	14.0%	OCWEN FINANCIAL CORP	7.0
ORIX CORP -SPON ADR	NA	2739	3,695	5,015	5,808	NA	28.5%	ORIX CORP -SPON ADR	7.5
SIERRACITIES.COM INC			34	61	102	109.5%	108.1%	SIERRACITIES.COM INC	5.0
Total	32,284	41.500	52,384	63,274	71,869	25.1%	20.1%	Averages	11.
	~ ~ ~ ~ ~	\sim	~		· · ·	23.170	20.1 /0	Averages	11.
Vearly growth		► 28 5%/ ·	26 90/-) 20.80	13 60/				
Yearly growth	$< \frown$	28.3%	26.2%	20.8%	13.6%				
Yearly growth	$\langle \rangle$	28.5%	26.2%	20.8%	13.6%	1998 3 Yr	1999 3 Yr		
	1995	28.5%	26.2%	20.8%	13.6% 1999	1998 3 Yr CAGR	1999 3 Yr CAGR		
Net income	- <u>1995</u> 71	\rightarrow		\sum					
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP		1996	1995	1998	1999	CAGR	CAGR		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR (INANCIAL SVCS	71	1996 73 76	1997	<u>1998</u> 82	1999	CAGR 4.9%	CAGR 14.6%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC	71 65 225	73	1997 73 94 310	1998 82 112	1999 110 128	CAGR 4.9% 19.6%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC	71 65 225 104	73 76 260 114	1997 73 94 310 131	1998 82 112 339 153	1999 110 128 389 48	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC	71 65 225 104 88	73 78 260 114 116	1995 73 94 310 131 139	1998 82 112 339 153 160	1999 110 128 389 48 215	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC TINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORR	71 65 225 104 98 39	73 78 260 114 116 46	1997 94 310 131 139 54	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX_CAPITAL CORR GATX_CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELESTRIC CAR CORP	71 65 225 104 98 33 2,291	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632	1997 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC TINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELESCRIC CAR CORP INCLER INANCIAL INC	71 65 225 104 88 33 2,241 125	73 78 260 114 116 46 2,632 133	1995 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 15.6%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUPIN GATX CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELECTRIC CAR CORP MILLER INANCIAL INC IBM CREDIT CORP	71 65 225 104 98 2.271 125 230	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271	1997 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 15.6% 10.2%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELESTRIC CAR CORP INCLER INANCIAL INC IBM CREDIT CORP NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP	71 65 225 104 98 38 2.291 125 230 36	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49	1997 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 14.3% 15.6% 10.2% 13.5%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX CARTIAL CORR GENERAL ELESTRIC CAR CORP INCLER INNANCIAL INC IBM CREDIT CORP NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP	71 65 225 104 98 33 2.291 125 230 36 28	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 271 49 32	1997 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 15.6% 10.2% 13.5% -4.1%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX_CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELESTRIC CAR CORP INCLER INANCIAL INC IBM CREDIT CORP NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP	71 65 225 104 98 33 2.201 125 230 36 28 159	73 78 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49 32 179	1995 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195	1998 8 2 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 10.2% 10.2% 13.5% 4.1% 7.8%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC TINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELESCRIC CAR CORP INCLER INANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP AMRESCO INC	71 65 225 104 98 33 2,201 125 230 36 28 159 52	73 78 260 114 116 46 2.632 133 271 49 32 179 9	1995 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 15.6% 10.2% 13.5% 4.1% 7.8% NA	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 16.9% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORP GENERAL ELESTRIC CAR CORP MELLER PINANCIAL CORP NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP AMRESCO INC DVI INC	71 65 225 104 98 38 2,201 125 230 36 28 159 52 15	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49 32 179 9 47	1997 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 15.6% 10.2% 13.5% -4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP IN GATX CAPITAL CORP GENERAL ELESCRIC CAR CORP MELLER PINANCIAL INC IBM CREDIT CORP NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP AMRESCO INC DVI INC HELM CAPITAL GROUP INC	71 65 225 104 98 33 2.271 125 230 36 28 159 52 15	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49 32 179 9 47 18	1997 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58 0	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47 0	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34 0	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 15.6% 10.2% 13.5% 4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6% -71.8%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2% -74.2%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX CARITAL CORR GENERAL ELESTRIC CAR CORP INCLER INANCIAL CORP INCLER INANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP AMRESCO INC DVI INC HELM CAPITAL GROUP INC HESC INC	71 65 225 104 98 33 2.291 125 230 36 28 159 52 15 15 15 (@NC	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49 32 179 9 47 18 @NC	1995 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58 0 36	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47 0 @NC	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34 0 46	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 10.2% 13.5% -4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6% -71.8% NA	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2% -74.2% NA		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELECTRIC CAR CORP INCLER INANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PATTNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP AMRESCO INC DVI INC HELM CAPITAL GROUP INC HPSC INC KBK CAPITAL CORP	71 65 225 104 98 33 2.291 125 230 36 28 159 52 15 15 (@NC 13	73 78 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49 32 179 9 47 18 @NC 3	1995 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58 0 36 8	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47 0 @NC 9	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34 0 46 (54)	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 10.2% 10.2% 13.5% 4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6% NA -12.6%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2% -74.2% NA -374.2%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELESCRIC CAR CORP INCLER INANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PATCORF MRESCO INC DVI INC HELM CAPITAL GROUP INC HPSC INC KBK CAPITAL CORP NATIONAL RURAL UTIL COOP CP	71 65 225 104 98 33 2,201 125 230 36 28 159 52 15 55 25 15 (@NC 13 7	73 78 260 114 116 46 2.632 133 271 49 32 179 9 47 18 @NC 3 18	1995 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58 0 36 8 11	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47 0 @NC 9 15	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34 0 46 (54) 29	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 15.6% 10.2% 13.5% 10.2% 13.5% 4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6% -71.8% NA -12.6% 29.9%	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2% -74.2% NA -374.2% 16.4%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC TINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORP GENERAL ELESCRIC CAR CORP INCLER PINANCIAL CORP NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP AMRESCO INC DVI INC HELM CAPITAL GROUP INC HPSC INC KBK CAPITAL CORP NATIONAL RURAL UTIL COOP CP OCWEN FINANCIAL CORP	71 65 225 104 98 33 2,271 125 230 36 28 159 52 15 15 (@NC 13 7 (@NC	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 173 271 49 32 179 9 47 18 @NC 3 18 @NC	1997 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58 0 36 8 11 57	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47 0 @NC 9 15 @NC	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34 0 46 (54) 29 (36)	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 15.6% 10.2% 13.5% -4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6% -71.8% NA -12.6% 29.9% NA	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2% -74.2% NA -374.2% 16.4% NA		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC TINOVA GROUP UN GATX CAPITAL CORP GENERAL ELESCRIC CAR CORP INCLER FINANCIAL INC IBM CREDIT CORP NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP AMRESCO INC DVI INC HELM CAPITAL GROUP INC HPSC INC KBK CAPITAL CORP NATIONAL RURAL UTIL COOP CP OCWEN FINANCIAL CORP ORIX CORP -SPON ADR	71 65 225 104 98 39 2.291 125 230 36 28 159 52 15 15 (@NC 13 7 (@NC	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49 32 179 9 47 18 @NC 3 18 @NC @NC	1997 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58 0 36 8 11 57 16	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47 0 @NC 9 15 @NC 19 15 9 15 15 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34 0 46 (54) 29 29 (36) 23	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 10.2% 13.5% -4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6% -71.8% NA -12.6% 29.9% NA NA	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2% -74.2% NA -374.2% NA NA NA		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX_CAPITAL CORR GENERAL ELESTRIC CAR CORP INCLER INANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP MARESCO INC DVI INC HELM CAPITAL GROUP INC HPSC INC KBK CAPITAL CORP NATIONAL RURAL UTIL COOP CP OCWEN FINANCIAL CORP ORIX CORP -SPON ADR SIERRACITIES.COM INC	71 65 225 104 98 33 2.291 125 230 36 28 159 52 15 15 (@NC (@NC @NC @NC	73 78 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49 32 179 9 47 18 @NC 3 18 @NC @NC @NC 48	1995 73 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58 0 36 8 11 57 16 205	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47 0 @NC 9 15 @NC 19 @NC 19 @NC	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34 0 46 (54) 29 (36) 23 23	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 10.2% 13.5% -4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6% -71.8% NA -12.6% 29.9% NA NA NA	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2% -74.2% NA -374.2% 16.4% NA NA -21.0%		
Net income XEROX CREDIT CORP CATERPILLAR INANCIAL SVCS CIT GROUP INC COMDISCO INC FINOVA GROUP INC GATX CAPITAL CORP GENERAL ELESCRIC CAR CORP MILLER FINANCIAL INC IBM CREDIT CORP NAVISTAR FINANCIAL CORP PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP PITNEY BOWES CREDIT CORP AMRESCO INC DVI INC HELM CAPITAL GROUP INC HPSC INC KBK CAPITAL CORP NATIONAL RURAL UTIL COOP CP OCWEN FINANCIAL CORP ORIX CORP -SPON ADR	71 65 225 104 98 39 2.291 125 230 36 28 159 52 15 15 (@NC 13 7 (@NC	73 76 260 114 116 46 2,632 133 271 49 32 179 9 47 18 @NC 3 18 @NC @NC	1997 94 310 131 139 54 2,729 158 284 46 31 195 39 58 0 36 8 11 57 16	1998 82 112 339 153 160 59 3,374 193 309 53 25 199 @NC 47 0 @NC 9 15 @NC 19 15 9 15 15 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1999 110 128 389 48 215 72 4,208 284 430 63 33 190 @NC 34 0 46 (54) 29 29 (36) 23	CAGR 4.9% 19.6% 14.6% 13.7% 18.0% 22.1% 14.3% 10.2% 13.5% -4.1% 7.8% NA 47.6% -71.8% NA -12.6% 29.9% NA NA	CAGR 14.6% 19.2% 14.4% -25.0% 22.7% 16.0% 16.9% 28.8% 16.6% 8.2% 1.5% 2.0% NA -10.2% -74.2% NA -374.2% NA NA NA		

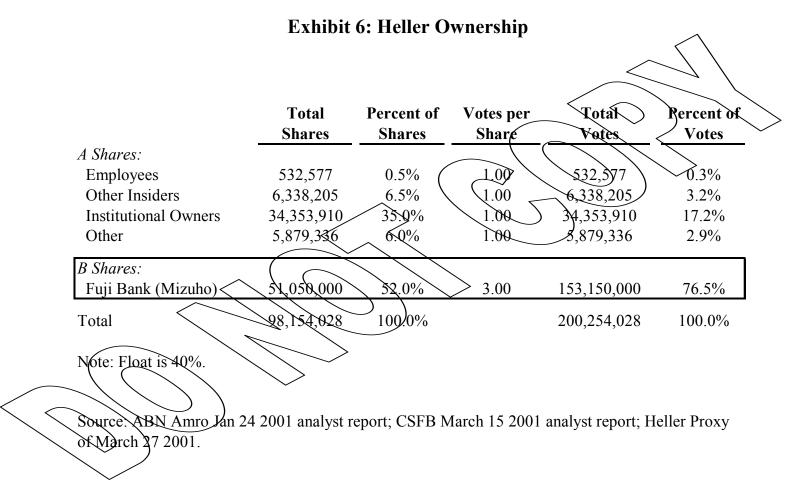
Exhibits 4: Trends in the Commercial Finance Industry

Exhibit 5: Selected Analyst Commentary

Date	Firm (Analyst)	Price	2001E EPS	2002E EPS	Price Target	Time Period	Rating	Conuments
03/16/01	Raymond James Associates (Michael T. Vinciquerra)	\$33.05	\$3.02	\$3.43	\$42.00	12-month	Buy	 -HF operates in markets that continue to expand. Analyst believes it can produce double-digit earnings growth, while improving returns on capital. - HF's valuation appears to be in a cyclical trough. - HF positioned in sweet spot of the lending demand curve.
03/30/01	Lehman Brothers (Bruce W. Harding)	37.00	3.10	3.55	40.00	NA	Strong Buy	- HF is contributing to Fuji Bank and analysts does not believe Fuji is actively looking for a buyer. However, HF will be acquired by somebody sooner of later because it is the only large independent commercial lender left; it's market cap is not large enough to attract substantial interest from institutional investors; HF is not a part of Fuji's long-term strategy; and HF should be more valuable over the long-term to potential US strategic buyers than to Fuji.
01/24/01	ABN-AMRO (Robert P. Napoli)	33.50	3:10	3.55	40.00	12-month	Buy	- HF's focus on financing small and midsize companies, a fragmented and growing market, its leadership positions in many segments, strong origination platform, and brand name give it access to several quality loan growth opportunities in the US and international markets.
01/22/01	Salonon Smith Barney (Sonia Parechanian)	32.00	3.05	NA	36.00	12-month	Buy, High Risk	 Overall, trends look very good. Competitors increasingly pursuing global strategies. HF is already established in Europe. There is some softness in industries Heller serves and management has been selective in asset growth compared to competitors. Newer businesses, healthcare, and vendor finance will help HF achieve higher margins. Challenges include maintaining portfolio diversity, tougher revenue growth comparisons, a possible softening of the economy, and competition. HF's efficiency ratio reveals excellent cost control.
01/22/01	UBS Warburg (Alison Williams)	32.00	3.05	3.50	35.00	12-month	Hold	 Management has transformed HF into a well-diversified asset-based lender. HF is protected against interest rate risk and has several protections against a slowing economy. HF has solid asset quality and overall healthy balance sheet.

Date	Firm (Analyst)	Price	2001E EPS	2002E EPS	Price Target	Time Period	Rating	Comments
01/19/01	US Bancorp Piper Jaffray (Michael J. Grondahl)	32.25	3.05	NA	35.00	12-month	Buy	 HF has a broad origination platform, diversified low cost funding sources, and stable credit quality to support 15 17% growth HF has implemented a program to drive leaner, more efficient business operations.
11/07/00	Deutsche Banc Alex. Brown (Mark C. Alpert)	29.69	3.06	NA	34.00	12-month	Buy	- HF's performance has been recognized in the fixed income markets as its debt was placed on outlook for an upgrade by Moody's (September 27, 2000). Moody's cited strides in improving credit profile, selective underwriting, diversification, and liquidity. The analyst believes that an earnings upgrade could shave 10 bps off of Heller's funding costs.
	Mean		\$3.07	\$3.53	37.43	\sim		

Exhibit 5: Selected Analyst Commentary (Continued)



	Exhib	it 7a: Con	nparison of	Selected P	ublic Con	npanies I	Historical F	inancial Ana	alysis (1)		
				(\$ in r	nillions exce	pt per share)			\bigwedge		
									\sim / /		
EIN ANCLALS.										\backslash	
<u>FINANCIALS:</u>								$\langle $			
					FY 2000			\searrow) ғ	iscal Year 2000	
		Market			Diluted	Equity	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \end{array} \right)$			\sim	Tangible
	T , 1	Price		eek Range	Shares	Market	Net (Enterprise	Net	Net	Book
Company Allied Capital Corp.	Ticker ALLC	4/16/01 \$19.900	High \$25.250	Low \$15.500	Outst. 86	\$1,709	Debt (2) \$791	Value (3) \$2,500	Revenues (4) \$185	Income (5) \$143	Value (6) \$1,030
Anica Capital Colp.	ALLC	\$17.700	\$23.230	\$15.500	80			, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	\$105	\$175	\$1,050
Bank of America Corp.	BAC	52.450	61.000	36.313	1,665	87,326	124,114	211,440	57,772	7,517	34,414
					\rightarrow		\sim)			
Citigroup Inc	С	46.950	59.125	39,000	5,122	240,487	348,720	589,207	75,188	13,618	64,461
Comdisco Inc.	CDO	1.200	41.188	1.950	160	192	4,762	4,954	255	3,867	14
			\sim	\frown	$\langle \rangle$	$\langle \rangle$					
DVI, Inc.	DVI	14.410	20.438	12.950) IX	226	1,059	1,285	24	22	206
Financial Federal Corp. (7)	FIF	24.300	29.750	17.250	$\left(\right) _{18} \right)$	437	(3)	433	59	28	189
FleetBoston Financial Corp.	FBF	39.000	44.188	31.750	920	35,875	33,325	69,200	21,765	3,420	11,604
GATX Corp.	GMT	38.270	50.500	> 33.125	49	1,866	4,136	6,002	1,391	31	13
	$ \land \land $	$\langle \rangle$	\				-		-		
Heller Financial Inc.	ΛÆ.	\$33,950	\$39.300	\$16.500	96.90	\$3,290	\$15,332	\$18,622	\$1,038	\$292	\$1,717
	//		/								
FOOTNOTES	\searrow)										
FOOTNOTES:											

(1) All data compiled from Bloomberg except figures related to FIF, which were compiled from SEC filings.

(2) Short-term debt plus long-term debt (including capitalized lease obligations and minority interests) and preferred stock, minus cash and marketable securities.

(3) Market value of equity plus net debt plus preferred equity & minority interests

(4) Revenues less interest expenses.

(5) Before non-recurring and extraordinary items (which are tax-effected in the case of recalculating net income).

(6) Total assets minus intangible assets, liabilities and the liquidation of outstanding preferred stock.B78

(7) FIF's fiscal year ends July 31st. Analysis for this company is on a last twelve month basis ending January 31, 2001.

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Exhibit 7b: Comparison of Selected Public Companies Descriptions	
	\wedge

<u> </u>		Description	Net Revenues (1) (\$ in million)
Allied Capital Corp.	ALLC	Principally a lender to and investor in private companies in a variety of different industries and in diverse geographic locations throughout the U.S. It is focused in three areas: private finance, commercial real estate finance and small business loans.	\$185
Bank of America Corp.	BAC	Through its banking subsidiaries and various non-banking subsidiaries, the Corporation provides a diversified range of banking and non-banking financial services and products, primarily throughout the United States and in selected international markets.	\$57,772
Citigroup Inc	С	Diversified holding company whose businesses provide a broad range of financial services to consumer and corporate customers around the world. Business segments include global consumer, global corporate and investment mgmt., private banking & investments.	\$75,188
Comdisco Inc.	CDO	Provides global technology services to help its customers maxmize technology functionality, predictability and availability. The Company provides equipment leasing, continuity, managed network services, and desktop management solutions.	\$255
DVI, Inc.	DVI	Provides asset backed financing to healthcare service providers. Its core businesses are medical equipment finance and medical receivables finance, and it provides these services in the U.S., Latin America, the U.K., Europe, Asia and Australia.	\$24
Financial Federal	FIF	Engaged in financing industrial, commercial and professional equipment through installment sales and leasing programs for manufacturers, dealers and users of such equipment.	\$59
FleetBoston Financial Corp.	KBF	A diversified financial services company that is engaged in general commerical banking and investment <u>management</u> business throughout the United States. Company also provides a variety of other financial services in leading Latin markets.	\$21,765
GATX Corp.	GMT	Principally engaged in leasing specialized railcars, primarily tank cars, under full service leases. Under its full service leases, it maintains and services its railcars, pays ad valorem taxes and provides many ancillary services.	\$1,391
Heller Financial Inc.	HF	A worldwide, diversified commerical finance company providing a broad array of financing solutions to middle- market and small business clients in the United States and selected international markets.	\$1,038
FOOTNOTES			

FOOTNOTES:

(1) Revenues less interest expenses.

			(\$ III IIIII	ions except per sn	uic)(1)				~	
	F	iscal Year 2000					Pr	ice	$\langle \rangle$	\
	Net	Net	Tangible	Enterprise	PEG	Net	Tangible	2000	200	2002
Company	Revenue (2)	Income (3)	Book (4)	Value (5)	Ratio	Revenues (2)	Book (4)	EPS	EPS	<u>EPS</u>
Allied Capital Corp.	\$185	\$143	\$1,030	\$2,500	0.64	9.26 x	1.65 x	11.94 x	8.66 ×	7.60
Comdisco Inc.	\$255	\$3,867	\$14	\$4,954	0.03	0.75 x	13.84 x	\$05 x	9.67 x	0.90
DVI, Inc.	\$24	\$22	\$206	\$1,285	0.63	9.47 x	1.01 x	10.40 x	9.85 x	7.39
Financial Federal Corp. (6)	\$59	\$28	\$189	\$433	0.95	7.41	(2.31 x	N5.77 x	18.54 x	16.32
GATX Corp.	\$1,391	\$31	\$13	\$6,002	1.09	X	148.07 x	60.57 x	14.60	12.63
Median of Leasing Companies	\$185	\$31	\$189	\$2,500	0.64	7.41 x	2.31 x	11.94 x	9.85 x	7.60
Bank of America Corp.	\$57,772	\$7,517	\$34,414	\$211,440	1.55	I.SL x	1.83	11.62 x	10.73 x	9.75
Citigroup Inc	\$75,188	\$13,618	\$64,461	\$589,207	0.79	3.20 x	3.38 x	17.66 x	15.34 x	13.54
FleetBoston Financial Corp.	\$21,765	\$3,420	\$11,604	\$89,200	0.91	1.65 x	2.22 x	10.49 x	11.14 x	10.0
Median of Full Service Banks	\$11,578	\$1,725	\$5,896	\$37,601	8,93	1.65 x	2.22 x	11.62 x	11.14 x	10.0
	<	\frown		Overall Low:	0.93	0.75 x	1.01 x	0.05 x	0.67 x	0.90
	\sim	$\langle \rangle$	\setminus	Overall Median:	0.85	2.42 x	2.27 x	11.78 x	10.93 x	9.90
			\sim	Overall High:	1.55	9.47 x	148.07 x	60.57 x	18.54 x	16.3
Heller Financial Inc	\$1,038	\$2.92	\$2,587	\$18,622	0.70	3.17 x	1.27 x	11.27 x	11.08 x	9.65
		<u> </u>				alveis Sum	(6	(
	Exhibit 7c: Co	Im		tion for Heller	Financ Implied	cial, Inc.	Implied	tinued)		
F Market Value:	\bigcirc	- ~		tion for Heller	Financ	cial, Inc.	• •	unuea)		

\$292

\$2,587

\$3,440

\$5,862

\$35.50

\$60.50

\$18,772

\$21,194

Exhibit 7c: Comparison of Selected Public Companies -- Analysis Summary

(\$ in millions except per share) (1)

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FOOTNOTES:

To Net Income

(1) All data compiled from Bloomberg except figures related to FIF, which were compiled from SEC filings.

11.78 x

2.27 x

(2) Revenues less interest expenses.

To Tangible Book Value (4)

(3) Before non-recurring and extraordinary items (which are tax-effected in the case of recalculating net income).

(4) Total assets minus intangible assets, liabilities and the liquidation of outstanding preferred stock.

0.05 x

1.01 x

(5) Market value of equity plus Net Debt. Net Debt is short-term debt plus long-term debt (including capitalized lease obligations and minority interests) and preferred stock, minus cash and marketable securities.

60.57 x

148.07 x

(6) FIF's fiscal year ends July 31st. Analysis for this company is on a last twelve month basis ending January 31, 2001.

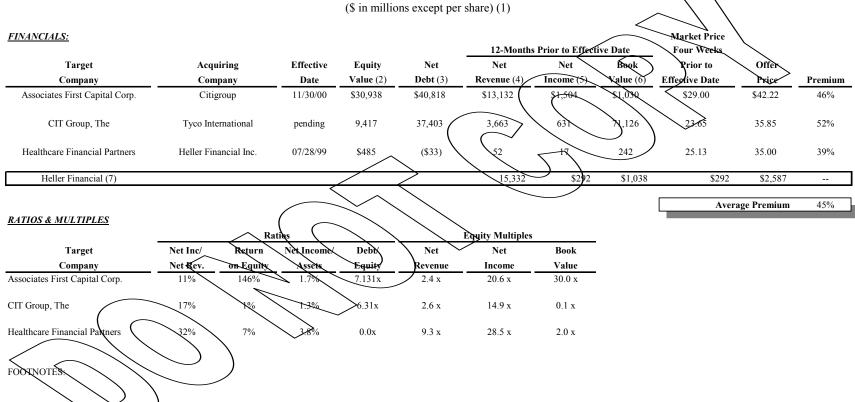


Exhibit 8a: Comparison of Selected Mergers and Acquisitions -- Historical Financial Analysis

(1) Information compiled from Securities Data Corporation for Associates First Capital Corp. and Healthcare Financial Partners and from Bloomberg and SEC filings for The CIT Group.

(2) Acquisition price for shares.

(3) Short-term debt plus long-term debt (including capitalized lease obligations and minority interests) and preferred stock, minus cash and marketable securities.

(4) Revenues less interest expenses.

(5) Before non-recurring and extraordinary items (which are tax-effected in the case of recalculating net income).

(6) Represents common stockholders' equity.

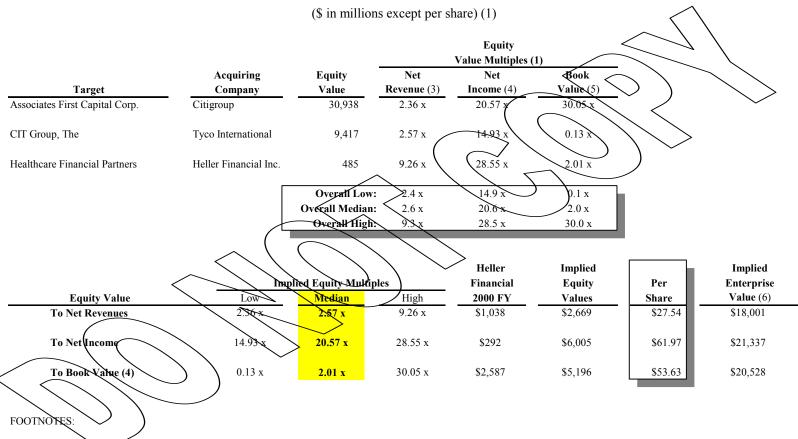
(7) Represents figures as of FY 2000.

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Exhibit 8b: Comparison of Selected Mergers and Acquisitions -- Descriptions

Target Company	Acquiror	Target Business Description	Rate	Acquisition Price (\$ in millions)
Associates First Capital Corp. (AFS)	Citigroup (C)	Finance company engaged in providing finance, leasing, and related services to individual consumers and businesses worldwide including home equity lending, personal lending, retail saler finance, and credit card receivables, retail financing, leasing, and wholesale financing for heavy duty and medium-duty trucks and track trailers, construction material handling and other industrial equipment, manufactured housing and auto fleet leasing and other commercial products and services.	11/30/00	\$30,938
CIT Group, The (CIT)	Tyco International (TYC)	Diversified finance company engaging in vendor, equipment, commercial, consumer and structured financing and leasing activities. It operates extensively in the U.S. and Canada, with strategic locations in Europe, Latin & South Americas and Pacific Rim.	pending	\$9,417
Healthcare Financial Partners (HCKP)	Heller Financial Inc. (HF)	Provider of asset-based financing to healthcare service providers. The primary focus is on clients operating in sub-markets of the healthcare industry.	07/28/99	\$485

Exhibit 8c: Comparison of Selected Mergers and Acquisitions -- Analysis Summary



(1) All data compiled from Bloomberg except figures related to FIF, which were compiled from SEC filings.

(2) Equity Value based on acquisition price for shares.

(3) Revenues less interest expenses.

(4) Before non-recurring and extraordinary items (which are tax-effected in the case of recalculating net income).

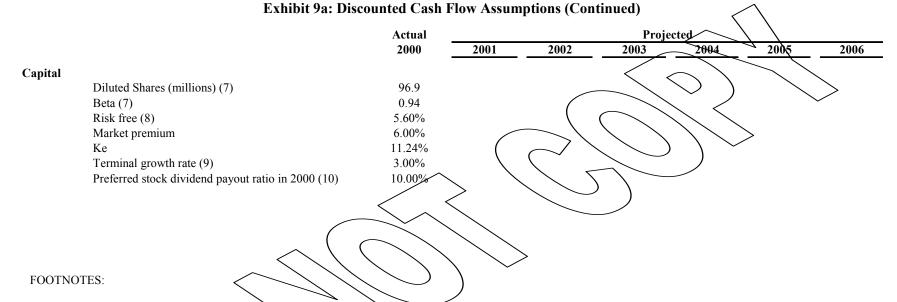
(5) Represents common stockholders' equity.

(6) Market value of equity plus Net Debt. Net Debt is short-term debt plus long-term debt (including capitalized lease obligations and minority interests) and preferred stock, minus cash and marketable securities.

Exhibit 9a: Discounted Cash Flow Assumptions

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 Balance Sheet Asset growth by business segment (1) Corporate Finance 6% 11% 1		Actual		Projected						
Asset growth by business segment (1) Corporate Finance 6% 11% <th< th=""><th></th><th>2000</th><th>2001</th><th>2002</th><th>2003</th><th>2004</th><th>2005</th><th>2006</th></th<>		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
Asset growth by business segment (1) Corporate Finance 6% 11% <th< td=""><td>Balance Sheet</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>$\sim \sim$</td><td>\backslash</td><td></td></th<>	Balance Sheet					$\sim \sim$	\backslash			
Corporate Finance 6% 11% <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Leasing Services 29% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 17% 9% 22% <		6%	11%	11%	$\leq_{11\%}$	11%	11%	11%		
Real Estate Finance 5% 9% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 11%					17%			`		
Small Business10%0% -10% -10% -10% -10% Health Care61%22%14% <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>/</td><td>- 9%</td><td>%</td><td></td><td></td></t<>				/	- 9%	%				
Health Care 61% 22% 1% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18%				\						
International Other -5% 1% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% Other -25% 14% 5% <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Other -25% 14% 14% 14% 14% 14% Client factoring balances owed % of lending assets (2) 5%						1				
Client factoring balances owed % of lending assets (2) 5%						/				
Investments as % of recievables (2) 18% <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>$\langle \rangle$</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				$\langle \rangle$						
Investments as % of recievables (2) 18% <td>Client factoring balances owed % of lending assets (2)</td> <td>5% <</td> <td>5%</td> <td>5%</td> <td>) 5%</td> <td>5%</td> <td>5%</td> <td>5%</td>	Client factoring balances owed % of lending assets (2)	5% <	5%	5%) 5%	5%	5%	5%		
Leverage ratio (3) Other assets as % of lending and investment assets (2) Minority interest % of assets (2) Net interest informe as % of acerage funds employed (4) 3.75% 3					/					
Other assets as % of lending and investment assets (2) 0% 9% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%		$\overline{\}$								
Other assets as % of lending and investment assets (2) 0% 9% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	Leverage ratio (3)	6.79	700%	700%	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00		
Minority interest % of assets (2) 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% Income Statement Interest Net interest income as % of average funds encyloyed (4) 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% Other income growth (s) -38.7% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 10.0% <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>9%</td><td>9%</td><td>9%</td><td>9%</td><td>9%</td></t<>				9%	9%	9%	9%	9%		
Income Statement Interest Net interest informe as % of average funds employed (4) 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% Other income growth (5) Factoring insome -38.7% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Factoring insome -38.7% 12% 12.00% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% Factoring insome -38.7% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% International JV -5.3% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains -15.3% 12% 12.00% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65% 65.00% 65.0%<		· · ·	0%	0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%		
Interest Net interest income as % of average funds employed (4) 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% Other income growth (s) -38.7% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Factoring income -38.7% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% International JV 8.6% 10% 10.00% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% Fees -15.3% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains 65.0% 65% 5.00% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% Expenses Operational efficiency (6) 44% 42% <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Interest Net interest income as % of average funds employed (4) 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% Other income growth (s) -38.7% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Factoring income -38.7% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% International JV 8.6% 10% 10.00% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% Fees -15.3% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains 65.0% 65% 5.00% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% Expenses Operational efficiency (6) 44% 42% <td>Income Statement</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Income Statement									
Net interest informe as % of average funds employed (4) 3.75%	Interest	>								
Other income growth (s)Factoring income -38.7% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% International JV 8.6% 10% 10.00% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% Fees -15.3% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains -15.3% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% ExpensesOperational efficiency (6) 44% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% Provision for losses as % of average funds employed (2) 0.9% 1% 1% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9%		3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%		
Factoring insome International JV -38.7% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% International JV 8.6% 10% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% Fees Investment gains -15.3% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains -15.3% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains -15.3% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains 65.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% Expenses Operational efficiency (6) Provision for losses as % of average funds employed (2) 44% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9%										
Factoring insome International JV -38.7% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% International JV 8.6% 10% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% Fees Investment gains -15.3% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains -15.3% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains -15.3% 12% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains 65.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% Expenses Operational efficiency (6) Provision for losses as % of average funds employed (2) 44% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9%	Other income growth (s)									
International JV 8.6% 10% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% Fees -15.3% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains 16.6% 5% 5.00% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% 65.0% ExpensesOperational efficiency (6) 44% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% Provision for losses as % of average funds employed (2) 0.9% 1% 1% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9%		-38.7%	12%	12.00%	12.0%	12.0%	12.0%	12.0%		
Fees -15.3% 12% 12.00% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% 12.0% Investment gains 16.6% 5% 5.00% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65% 65.0% </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10.00%</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10.0%</td>				10.00%				10.0%		
Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65% 65.0%		-15.3%	12%	12.00%	12.0%	12.0%	12.0%	12.0%		
Total other income as % of interest income 65.0% 65% 65.0%	Investment gains	16.6%	5%	5.00%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%		
Operational efficiency (6) 44% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 60% <		65.0%	65%	65.00%	65.0%	65.0%	65.0%	65.0%		
Operational efficiency (6) 44% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 60% <										
Provision for losses as % of average funds employed (2) 0.9% 1% 1% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9%	Expenses									
	Operational efficiency (6)	44%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%		
Tax rate (2) 32% 32% 32% 32% 32% 32% 32%	Provision for losses as % of average funds employed (2)	0.9%	1%	1%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%		
Tax rate (2) 32% 32% 32% 32% 32% 32%										
	Tax rate (2)	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%		

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(1) These business line growth rates are based on projections found in two reports authored by Michael T. Vinciquerra of Raymond James dated March 15, 2000 and March 16, 2001. In these reports, Mr. Vinciquerra projected the following business line growth rates: Commercial Finance +10 to 12%, Leasing Services +15 to 20%, Real Estate Finance +8 to 10%, Small Business +14 to 16% (we changed this rate to 0 and -10% because of the recent announcement that HF will be discontinuing this line of business over the next few years), Healthcare +20 to 25%, and International +10 to 12%.

(2) Projections are consistent with FY 2000 actual results.

(3) This is the ratio of total liabilities to equity. Another important ratio is the senior debt to equity ratio (6.07 in 2000). Per several analyst reports (primary source was Raymond James), HF has room to slowly expand its leverage ratio based on the leverage ratios of its peer group. The Raymond James reports referenced in (A) and a CSFB report dated March 15, 2001, state that 6 to 6.5x (senior debt to equity) is a reasonable level of leverage that will not invite a ratings decrease. Our projection of 7x total liabilities to equity is consistent with this notion.
(4) Per the Raymond James report noted above, an ABN Amro report dated January 24, 2001, and the CSFB report noted above, HF's net interest margin is expected to remain constant going forward. As HF managed to maintain its net interest margin despite Fed rate increases and widening spreads in the commercial paper markets during 2000, we project a small increase in 2001 (3.75 to 3.8).

(5) Growth rates based on projections in the Raymond James reports noted above.

(6) Consistent with projections in the ABN Amro and CSFB reports noted above.

(7) Per Bloomberg.

(8) Yield on the 30 year Treasury Bond on April 16, 2001.

(9) Estimate of the long term rate of inflation.

(10) Recalculated from the FY 2000 10K.

Exhibit 9b: Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

(\$ millions except per share) (1)

	Histor	rical			Proj	ected	\langle	\backslash
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Lending assets and investments						<		
Corporate Finance	\$4,937	\$5,225	\$5,800	\$6,438	\$7,146	\$7,932	\$8,804	\$9,773
Leasing Services	3,428	4,434	5,188	6,070	7,102 <	8,309	9,721	-11,374
Real Estate Finance	2,626	2,766	3,015	3,286	3,582	3,904) 4,236	4,639
Small Business	1,312	1,440	1,440	1,296	1,166	1,050	948	850
Health Care	971	1,563	1,907	2,326	2,838	3,463	4,224	5,154
International	3,040	2,901	3,220	3,574	3,967	4,404	4,888	5,426
Other	518	387	441	503 >	573	654	<u>}745</u>	849
Total assets and investments	16,832	18,716	21,011	26,493	26,375	29,715) 33,584	38,065
Net interest income (2)		629	707	793	888	999	1,128	1,276
Factoring income		73	$>_{82}$	92	~ 103)	115	129	144
International Joint Venture		< 38	42	46	51	56	61	67
Fees		94 \	105	118	132	148	166	186
Investment gains		204	214	225	236	248	260	273
Total other income	$\sim \langle \langle \rangle$	409	443	>480	521	566	616	670
Net revenue	/ /)	1,038	1,150	1,273	1,410	1,565	1,743	1,947
Operational expenses	\sim $/$	459) 483	535	592	658	732	818
Provision for losses		148	170	190	213	240	271	306
Total expenses	\sim	607	653	725	805	897	1,003	1,124
Net income before taxes	$\langle \rangle$	431	497	548	604	668	741	823
Minority interest	\sim	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2
Taxes		-139	-159	-175	-193	-214	-237	-263
Net income after taxes		290	336	371	409	452	502	557
Prefered dividends		29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Adjustment in working capital								
Additions to funds employed		1,858	2,448	2,460	2,856	3,310	3,834	4,441
Additional debt		-1,859	-2,385	-2,347	-2,724	-3,157	-3,657	-4,235
Net increase in working capital		-1	63	114	132	153	177	205
Free Cash to Common Shareholders		262	244	228	248	270	295	323
Terminal value								4,038
		262	244	228	248	270	295	4,361

	Exhibit 9b: I	Discounted	l Cash Flo	w Analysis	(Contin	ued)		
		(\$ million	ns except per	share) (1)			\square	
							\sim	\backslash
Valuation using a P/E Multiple f	or the Termina	l Value						\backslash
Ç 1	Histori	ical			Pro	jected	$\backslash $	
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004) 2005	2006
Net income less preferred dividends		262	244	228	248	270	< 295	323
Terminal Value (3)		0	0	0		$\overline{)}$	X	4,878
		262	244	228	248	270	295	5,201
Value of equity	\$3,847.65			$\langle \frown $		\smile)	
Value per share	\$39.71			\setminus				
					\bigcirc `	\		
		\langle	\langle)		
FOOTNOTES:		\sim	/					
	(\frown	$\langle \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$					

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- See the Discounted Cash Flow Assumptions for an explanation of the assumptions underlying this model.
 Net interest income is calculated by multiplying the net interest margin (i.e. spread) by the average funds employed.
 The terminal value is based on a P/E multiple of 8.75. This was derived from the midpoint of the forward P/Es of a group of comparable companies consisting of leasing companies (median P/E of 7.5) and commercial banks (median P/E of 10).

			\land
Corporate Finance	1998	1999	2000
Lending assets and investments	\$3,722	\$4,937	\$5,225
Revenues	\$389	\$471	\$651
Ratio net writedowns to average lending assets	0.40%	0.50%	1.20%
Ratio of nonearning assets to lending assets	0.40%	0.60%	2.20%
Revenues % lending assets	10.5%	9.5%	12.5%
-		$\left(\bigcirc \right)$	// <
Real Estate			$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$
Lending assets and investments	\$1,889	\$2,626) \$2,766
Revenues	\$250	\$224	\$296
Ratio net writedowns to average lending assets	2:90%	0.10%	0.10%
Ratio of nonearning assets to lending assets	> 0.50%		0.60%
Revenues % lending assets	13.2%	8.4%	10.7%
	\searrow		
Leasing Services	$\langle \rangle$		
Lending assets and investments	\$1,634	\$2,298	\$2,716
Revenues	\$231	\$341	\$409
Ratio net writedowns to average lending assets	0.10%	0.50%	0.70%
Ratio of nonearning assets to lending assets	1%	0.90%	0.80%
Revenues % lending assets	14.1%	14.8%	15.1%
HealthCare Finance			
Lending assets and investments	\$217	\$971	\$1,563
Revenues	\$4	\$5	\$5
Ratio net writedowns to average lending assets	0.00%	0.00%	30.00%
Ratio of nonearning assets to lending assets		70.00%	1.30%
Revenues % lending assets	1.9%	0.5%	0.3%
Small Business Finance			
Lending assets and investments	\$1,013	\$1,312	\$1,440
Revenues	\$98	\$120	\$144
Ratio net writedowns to average lending assets	0.40%	0.50%	0.90%
Ratio of nonearning assets to lending assets	3.3%	3.30%	4.50%
Revenues % lending assets	9.7%	9.1%	10.0%

Exhibit 9c: HF Segment Performance (\$ in millions) (1)

(1) Source: FY 2000 10K

Exhibit 9d: HF Pro Forma Income Statement												
				(\$ in mill	ions) (1)				\langle			
			Histo	rical					< Proje	sted		
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Interest and financing							<		$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	
Interest income	851	807	924	1,047	1,197	1,628	\frown	\frown	\rightarrow		$\langle \rangle$	
Interest expense	-464	-452	-516	-624	-685	-999		$\geq \geq$			\sim	
Net interest income	387	355	408	423	512	629	107	793	888	999	1,128	1,276
						Ň	\setminus		$\backslash \searrow$	>		
Non-interest income					(\frown		\bigcirc)			
Factoring income	50	55	104	124	119	73	- 82	92	103	115	129	144
International JV income	35	44	36	30	35 🔪	38	$)^{42}$	46	51	56	61	67
Loan servicing and other fee inc.	148	76	μr	134	150	94	105	118	132	148	166	186
Net investment gains		3		$\overline{58}$	123	204	214	225	236	248	260	273
Total non-interest income	233	178	320	343	427	409	443	480	521	566	616	670
			$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right)$									
Net revenues	626	533	728	766	939	1,038	1,150	1,273	1,410	1,565	1,743	1,947
_ <		\nearrow		ノ)								
Expenses	\	154	114		227	226						
Salaries and other comp.	135	154	214	227	237	236						
G & A	<u>81</u> 216	247	357	<u>172</u> 399	219 456	223 459	483	535	592	658	732	818
Operating expenses	210	×4/	> 321	399	450	459	403	222	592	029	/32	010
Extraordinary charges				17	-79							
Provision for losses	223	103	164	77	137	148	170	190	213	240	271	306
Total expenses	439	350	521	493	514	<u>607</u>	653	725	805	897	1,003	1,124
	- J)	550	521	475	514	007	035	123	005	077	1,005	1,127
Income before tax	181	183	207	273	425	431	497	548	604	668	741	823
Minority interest		100				-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2
Income taxes	-49	-43	-66	-93	-153	-139	-159	-175	-193	-214	-237	-263
Income after taxes	4	5	5	180	272	290	336	371	409	452	502	557

Exhibit 9d: HF Pro Forma Income Statement

FOOTNOTES:

(1) See Assumptions for an explanation of the assumptions underlying this model.

	ſ	EXHIDIT 9	е: пг п	icome Su		rercent	Analysis)		\wedge		
				(\$ in milli	(1)				<	$\langle \rangle$		
									\sim	7 / 7		
			Histo	rical					<u> </u>	ected \	`	
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Interest and financing								$\overline{}$	\sum		$\overline{}$	
Interest income	137%	151%	127%	137%	127%	(ř ک		\checkmark	
Interest expense	(0.75)	(0.85)	(0.71)	(0.81)	(0.73)	(\square	\searrow	\searrow			
Net interest income	62%	67%	56%	55%	55%	61%	61%	62%	63%	64%	65%	66%
					(\sim	$\langle \rangle$	\checkmark	$\rangle \sim$			
Non-interest income						\langle)			
Factoring income	8%	10%	14%	16%	13%	7%	$\sqrt{2\%}$	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%
International JV income	6%	8%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%) 4%	4%	4%	4%	3%
Loan servicing and other fee inc.	24%	14%	15%	17%	16%	9%		9%	9%	9%	10%	10%
Net investment gains	0%	1%	9%	8%	13%	20%	19%	18%	17%	16%	15%	14%
Total non-interest income	38%	33%	44%	45%	45%	39%	39%	38%	37%	36%	35%	34%
	\langle	$\setminus \setminus$	$\langle \rangle$	$\langle \rangle$	\sim	>						
Total net revenues	100%	100%	100%) 00%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
		\checkmark)										
Expenses												
Salaries and other comp.	22%	29%		30%	25%	23%						
G&A	0	$\underline{\searrow}$	<u> </u>	0	0	0						
Total operating expenses	35%	46%	49%	52%	49%	44%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%
)											
Extraordinary charges		0%	0%	2%	-8%	0%						
Provision for losses	36%	19%	23%	10%	15%	14%	15%	15%	15%	15%	16%	16%
Total expenses	71%	66%	72%	64%	55%	58%	57%	57%	57%	57%	58%	58%
Income before tax	29%	34%	28%	36%	45%	42%	43%	43%	43%	43%	42%	42%
income taxes (% Income before tax)	27%	23%	32%	34%	36%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%
Income after taxes	1%	1%	1%	23%	29%	28%	29%	29%	29%	29%	29%	29%

Exhibit 9e: HF Income Statement Percent Analysis (\$ in millions) (1)

FOOTNOTES:

(1) See Assumptions for an explanation of the assumptions underlying this model.

		LAIII				neet		~		
			(\$ 11	n millions) (1)			$\langle \rangle$		
		II . 4	• •				n/.	\sum	\backslash	
			orical				Proje			
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
						<	\frown	\mathbf{n}		
Lending and investment assets	11,928	13,430	16,832	18,716	21,011	23,493	26,375	29)715	33,584 >	· 38,065
Provision for losses	-261	-271	-316	-342	-189 (-211	-237	<-267	-302	-343
Net lending and investment assets	11,667	13,159	16,516	18,374	20,822	23,282	26,138	29,448	33,282	37,723
Growth rate	,	<i>,</i>	,	·	0	$\times 0$	~ 0	\searrow_0	0	0
				(\sim		\bigcirc)	\checkmark		
Non lending and investment assets	1,194	1,207	1,457	1,687	1,874	2,095	2,352	2,650	2,995	3,395
from fending and investment assets	1,174	1,207	1,437	1,007	1,0,4	7,055	2,002	2,050	2,775	0,075
	12.971	14200	17.072		~~~~		29 400	22 000	26 277	41 110
Total assets	12,861	14,366	17,973	20,061	22,696	25,377	28,490	32,098	36,277	41,118
			\sim							
Total debt	11,096	12,394	15,615	17,474	19,859	22,205	24,929	28,086	31,743	35,978
	\sim		$\langle \ \rangle$	\setminus	\geq					
Minority interest	~ 87	10	11	12	\checkmark 14	15	17	19	22	25
	$\langle \rangle$	$ \land \land)$	\sim)						
Equity	1,678	1,962	2,347	2,575	2,823	3,157	3,544	3,993	4,513	5,115
		\sim		-))	-) -	-)-	-))	-, -
Total Liabilities & Equity	12,861	14,366	17,973	20,061	22,696	25,377	28,490	32,098	36,277	41,118
Total Elabilities & Equity	12,001		17,975	20,001	22,070	23,577	20,470	52,070	50,277	41,110
	$\langle \rangle$	\sim								
FOOTNOTES:)									

Exhibit 9f: HF Pro Forma Balance Sheet

(\$ in millions) (1)

(1) See Assumptions for an explanation of the assumptions underlying this model.

	Exhibit 10: Sensitivity	Analysis - HF Cost	of Equity	\frown
				$\overline{7}$
Cost of equity Value per share	10.00% \$41.76	11.24% \$39.71	12.50% \$37.76	
			\sum	>
\sim				
		~		
	\searrow			

	Exh	ibit 11a: Syn	ergy Calculat	tion - Overvie	W	\bigwedge		
		(\$ in mil	lions except per	share)		\sim		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	NPV	NPV Per Share	WACC
Total Synergies:	\$5 00	\$17.07	* 2 55 0	\$54.0 5				12.240/
Net Revenues Synergy to HF	\$5.00	\$17.87	\$37.78	\$54.06	\$63.25	\$408.40	\$4.2	13.24%
Net Revenues Synergy to UTX	48.42	124.74	214.64	219.74	220.37	1,575.35	16.26	13.24%
Margin Synergy to HF	40.02	44.84 36.37	50.44 40.87	56.92 (64.43	495.44	5.11 4.27	12.24% 11.24%
Debt Capacity Synergy to UTX Less: Transaction Costs	32.36 -16.11	30.37	40.8	45.94	51.63	413.68	-0.17	11.2470
Less: One Time Costs	-132.19			$($ \sim $)$		-132.19	-1.36	
Total	(\$23)	\$224	\$344	\$377 5	\$400	\$2,745	\$28.32	
Discounted Total	(\$36)	\$176	$>^{3344}_{$239}$	\$232	\$219	$\phi 2,775$	\$20.52	
Discouncerfour	(\$50)	$\langle $						

		(\$ in mil	lions except per s	share)			1	
_	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	NPV	NPV Per Share	WACC
Value of Net Revenues Synergy to HF (1)					_		~ /	
Impact to Assets	\$1,214	\$3,125	\$6,049	\$7,077	\$8,280		\sim	
Impact to Net Income	5.00	17.87	37.78	54.06	63.25 .	\frown		<
Impact to EBIT	7.35	26.28	55.56	79.49	93.01	\searrow)		>
Impact to Revenues	21.62	77.28	163.40	233.81	273.55	\smallsetminus	\sim	
Impact to Free Cash Flows	5.00	17.87	37.78	54.06	63.25	\langle / \rangle		
Terminal Value				$\overline{}$	\$53.40	$\langle \rangle \rangle$	>	
Net Impact to HF	\$5	\$18	\$38	\$54.	\$617) _{\$408} ~	\$4.21	13.24%
-								

Exhibit 11b: Synergy Calculation

Value of net revenues synergy to HF is calculated by expanding HF's leasing assets by an incremental 20% each year for the next three years. HF's leasing assets will grow due to being able to cross sell its products with UTX's customers.

When Tyco, a competitor of UTX, acquired CIT Group, a competitor of HF, CIT stated that it expected its assets to grow by 10% over the next three years. Since approximately 50% of CIT's business is equipment leasing, this would represent a 20% growth rate in its leasing assets.

This growth in HF's assets represents the following as a percentage of assets, net revenues and net income:

<		\searrow)		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Incremental Growth in Assets	\$1,214	\$3,125	\$6,049	\$7,077	\$8,280
HF's Assets	23,493.35	26,374.90	29,715.05	33,584.18	38,065.23
Percent of Assets (5.17%	> 11.85%	20.36%	21.07%	21.75%
	\				
Incremental Growth in Net Revenues*	\$22	\$77	\$163	\$234	\$274
HF's Revenues	/1,273.10	1,409.63	1,565.48	1,743.39	1,946.58
Percent of net Revenues	1.70%	5.48%	10.44%	13.41%	14.05%
\searrow)					
Incremental Growth in Net Income	\$5	\$18	\$38	\$54	\$63
HF's Net Income	370.74	408.99	452.37	501.58	557.45
Percent of Net Income	1.35%	4.37%	8.35%	10.78%	11.35%

* net interest spread applied to incremental growth in assets

			:: Synergy Ca lions except per s			\langle	NPV Per	
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	NPV	Share	WACC
Value of Net Revenues Synergy to UTX	(2)							
Additional Net Revenues at HF	\$1,213.94	\$3,124.68	\$6,048.82	\$7,077.12	\$8,280.23	\frown	\sim	
% of Revenue to UTX	50%	45%	40%	35%	30%	\searrow		\geq
UTX Additional Revenue	606.97	1,406.11	2,419.53	2,476.99	2,484.07	$\langle \rangle$	\sim	
UTX Additional EBIT	86.42	217.72	374.64	383.54	384.64	\langle / \rangle		
UTX Net Income Percentage	8.0%	8.9%	8.9%	8.9%	8.9%		>	
Additional Net Income at UTX	48.42	124.74	214.64	219.74	220.37) \ \sim		
Terminal Value					1,928.23	^		
Total Net Income Impact to UTX	\$48	\$125	\$215	\$280	\$2,149	\$1,575	\$16.26	13.24%

Value of net revenues synergy to UTX: Analysts have reported that UTX is currently losing sales because it cannot provide adequate financing to its customers. We assume that with the acquisition of HE UTX will be able to serve customers it previously lost due to the lack of financing. We have calculated the additional sales to UTX by taking a decreasing percentage of WE's incremental assets.

UTX's profit margin and net income margin was estimated based on JR Morgan's analyst report dated 1/26/01.

This growth in UTX's sales represents the following as a percentage of net revenues and net income:

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Incremental Growth in Net Revenues	\$606.97	\$1,406.11	\$2,419.53	\$2,476.99	\$2,484.07
UTX's Revenues	28,874.60	29,370.00	32,303.96	35,539.53	39,091.54
Percent of Net Revenues	2.10%	> 4.79%	7.49%	6.97%	6.35%
	\setminus \sim				
Incremental Growth in Net Income	\$48.42	\$124.74	\$214.64	\$219.74	\$220.37
UTX's Net Income	/2,303.50	2,605.50	2,865.78	3,152.82	3,467.93
Percent of Net Income	2.10%	4.79%	7.49%	6.97%	6.35%
\sim					

			: Synergy Ca ions except per s		NPV Per		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 NPV	Share	WACC
Value of Margin Synergy (3)						$\overline{}$	
Impact to Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	_ 30 >>>>		•
Impact to Revenue	101.47	113.70	127.89	144.32	163.36	\sim	
Impact to EBIT	58.85	65.95	74.17	83.7(1	94.75		
Impact to Free Cash Flows	40.02	44.84	50.44		64.43		
Terminal Value				\sim	563.76		
Total Net Impact to HF	\$40.02	\$44.84	\$50.44	\$56.92	\$628.19 \$495.44	\$5.11	12.24%
		~	$\langle \rangle$	\backslash	\neg		

Value of increase in margins is calculated by comparing what a higher rated financial services company borrows as compared to what HF currently borrows at. UTX has a higher debt rating than HF which should help raise HF's debt rating. In addition, there currently may be a discount in HF's ratings since it is primarily owned by a Japanese bank. The rating agencies may view a strong US company as a better backing for HF.

The difference in the ratings represent .48 to 59 percent spread. The incremental revenues for HF is based on the conservative .48% spread over the entire life of the model.

This increase in HF's margin represents the following as a percentage of net revenues and net income:

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Incremental Growth in Net Revenues	\$101.47	\$113.70	\$127.89	\$144.32	\$163.36
UTX's Revenues	1,278,10	1,409.63	1,565.48	1,743.39	1,946.58
Percent of Net Revenues	7.97%	8.07%	8.17%	8.28%	8.39%
	١				
Incremental Growth in Net Income	\$40.02	\$44.84	\$50.44	\$56.92	\$64.43
HF's Net Income	370.74	408.99	452.37	501.58	557.45
Percent of Net Income	10.79%	10.96%	11.15%	11.35%	11.56%
× J					

		(\$ in mill	ions except per s	share)			NPV Per	
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	NPV	Share	WACC
Debt Capacity Synergy Calculation: (4)						≤ 1		
UTX Lease Balance, End of Year	\$2,038.78	\$2,291.42	\$2,575.36	\$2,894.49	\$3,253,16			
UTX Lease Balance, Average	1,926.39	2,165.10	2,433.39	2,734.93	3,073.83	\frown		
% Increase in Lease Balance	12.39%	12.39%	12.39%	12.39%	12.39%	\searrow)		>
UTX's Cost of Capital (per Bloomberg)	7.68%	7.68%	7.68%	7.68%	7.68%	\smallsetminus		
HF's Cost of Capital (per Bloomberg)	5.21%	5.21%	5.21%	5.21%	(5.21%	// $/$		
Differences in Cost of Capital	2.47%	2.47%	2.47%	2.47%	2.47%			
Spread	47.58	53.48	<u>60.10</u>	67.55	73,92			
Taxes	15.23	17.11	19.23	21,62	24.B0			
Net Income Impact	32.36	36,37	40.87	45.94	51.63			
Terminal Value	\langle	\sim			451.75			
Net Income Impact to UTX	\$32.36	\$36.37	\$40.87	\$45.94	\$503.37	\$413.68	\$4.27	11.24%
	\sim	$\langle \rangle$	\setminus	>				

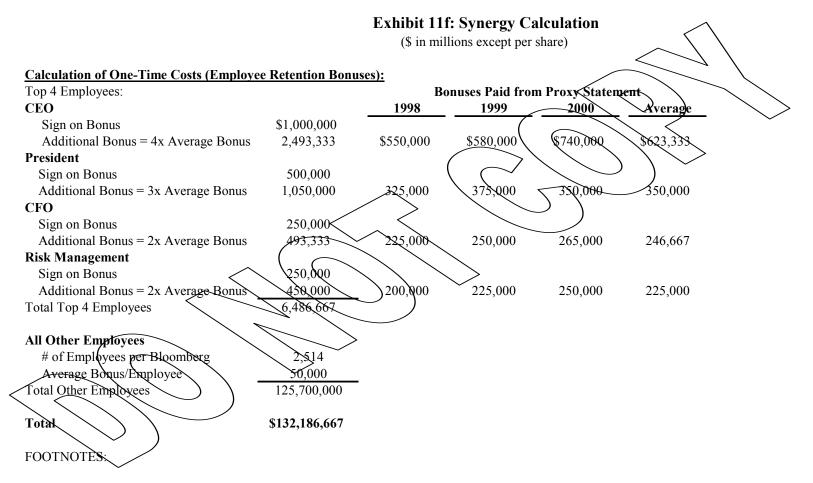
Exhibit 11e: Synergy Calculation

Per UTX's financial statements, it currently finances some equipment purchases from its customers. There is a significant difference between UTX's and HF's leverage such that HF can provide the leases at a lower capital cost to the company. This calculation takes the leases at the end of 2000 per UTX's financial statements, grows them by approximately 12% a year (JP Morgan analyst estimate) to estimate the amount of leasing UTX would do without HF. The difference in borrowing costs is calculated as the difference between UTX's cost of capital (per Bloomberg) and HF's cost of capital (per Bloomberg).

This increase in UTX's net income represents the following as a percentage of net income:

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Incremental Growth in Net Income	\$32.36	\$36.37	\$40.87	\$45.94	\$51.63
UTX's Net Income	2,303.50	2,605.50	2,865.78	3,152.82	3,467.93
Percent of Net Income	1.40%	1.40%	1.43%	1.46%	1.49%

Calculation of Transaction Costs:		
	Basis Points	Dollars
Investment Banking Fees	0.10%	\$4.85
Accountant and Lawyer Fees	0.15%	7.27
Total Professional Fees	0.25%	\$12.11
Other Fees - SEC Filings, etc		4.00
Total Fees		\$16.11



(1)-(4): The terminal value for all synergies was estimated based on an 8.75 earnings multiple which was the average of several leasing companies' and banks' multiples.

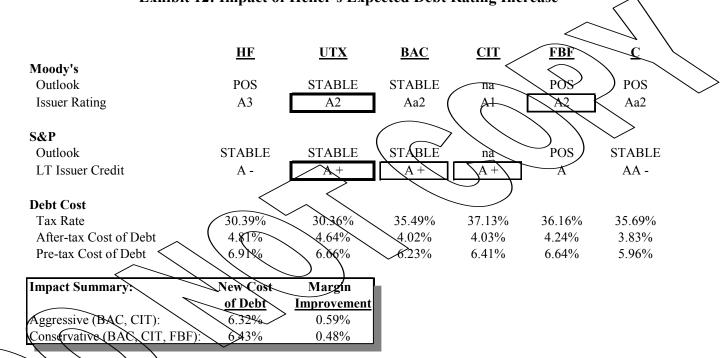


Exhibit 12: Impact of Heller's Expected Debt Rating Increase

Note: Assumes that Heller's debt rating will increase to that of UTX and that Heller's cost of debt will then become similar to that of banks with A + (S&P) and A2 (Moody's) ratings.

Source: Ratings from Bloomberg as of 4/12/01.

Exhi	bit 13: Accretion	/Dilution Ana	alysis		
	(\$ in millions exce	ept per share)			~
Combined Income Statement:	2001	2002	2003	\leq	\backslash
Revenue	\$29,095	\$30,148	\$30,780	\sim	$\langle \rangle$
Operating Profit	4,245	4,659	5,152		7 /
Net Income	2,376	2,674	3,014		\sim
After tax synergies	0	-23	224	>)	$\langle \rangle$
After tax increase in interest expense	0	0		\smallsetminus	\sim
Combined entity Income	\$2,376	\$2,652	\$3,238	///	<
EPS combined entity	\$4.23	\$4.80	\$5.97) $\setminus \sim$	>
UTX EPS	\$4.10	\$4.72	\$5.45		
% Accretion (Dilution)	3.1%	1,7%	9.5%		
The deal is	accretive	accretive	accretive		
	$\langle \rangle \rangle$				
Combined Balance Sheet:	2001	2002	2003	2004	
Assets (without HF's goodwill)	\$47,993	\$51,394	\$55,573	\$60,264	
Goodwill from HF acquisition	\$,022	1,954	1,887	1,820	
Total Assets	50,015	53,348	57,460	62,083	
Debt	\$36,630	\$38,968	\$41,961	\$45,800	
Equity	> 13,385	14,380	15,499	16,283	
Total Liabilities & Equity	50,015	53,348	57,460	62,083	
New market value VTX	\$78.13				
New Market capitalization	43,938 n	nillion			
New Debt/Total Cap	45%				
Old Debt/Total Cap	31%				
HF Debt/Total Cap	86%				
Accretion/Dilution Analysis Assumptions:			-		
Value of transaction per share	\$50.00		New shares issued		64.35 million
Diluted shares (HF)	96.9 m	illion	% of cash financed w	ith debt	50%
Transaction Value	\$4,845 m	illion	Cost of debt		9%
UTC share price	\$75.29		UTX Tax rate		30.40%
Heller share price	\$33.95		After tax cost of debt		6.26%
Percent Cash	0%		Goodwill amortization	n	\$30 million
Percent Shares	100%		Value with synergies		\$67 per share
Exhange ratio (UTX shares per share of HF)	0.6641				^

E-1:1:4 12. A tion/Dilution Analysis

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Exhibit 14: Other Potential Acquirers

(\$ in millions except per share)

	Market	Price/ 01E	D	Premium	% of UTX	Heller	Acquire	EPS Impact
Institution	Value (1)	<u>EPS (2)</u>	Price per <u>Share</u>	to Market	% 01 U I X Synergies (3)	Ownership (4)	2002	2003
United Technologies	35,438							
General Electric	443,505	30.2 x	45.00	28.7%	60%	<u> </u>	Q.3%	0.4%
	,		55.00	57.3%	60%	1.2%	$\leq_{0.1\%}$	0.1%
			65.00	85.9%	60%	1:4%	-0.2%	-0.1%
				(\sim	$\langle \rangle \rangle \rangle$	\searrow	
ITT Industries	3,650	12.7 x	45.00	28.7%	(50%	53.9%	3.1%	6.3%
			55.00	<u>∽</u> 57.3% ``	<u> </u>	58.8%	-7.9%	-5.0%
			65.00	≫.9%	50%	62.8%	-16.8%	-14.2%
			$<$ $^{\sim}$	\leq				
Danaher	7,696	21.1 x	45.00	28.7%	70%	35.8%	30.0%	35.2%
		()	55.00	37,3%	70%	40.5%	20.4%	25.3%
	<	\sim / $'$	65,00	85.9%	> 70%	44.6%	12.2%	16.7%
	\sim	///	$\langle \rangle$	$\langle \rangle$				
Textron	7,845	<u>11.7 x</u>	45.00	28.7%	70%	34.9%	0.3%	5.0%
			55.00	57.3%	70%	39.5%	-6.9%	-2.6%
			65.00	85.9%	70%	43.6%	-13.1%	-9.1%
		$\langle \rangle$	\checkmark					
Citicorp \ (239,508	15.3x>	45.00	28.7%	40%	1.8%	0.1%	0.2%
	$ \setminus $	-	55.00	57.3%	40%	2.2%	-0.3%	-0.2%
$\langle \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	\searrow)		65.00	85.9%	40%	2.6%	-0.7%	-0.6%
Bank of America	84,272	10.7 x	45.00	28.7%	35%	4.8%	-3.8%	-3.5%
\sim)		55.00	57.3%	35%	5.8%	-4.8%	-4.5%
			65.00	85.9%	35%	6.7%	-5.8%	-5.5%

(1) Prices as of close of 4/16/01.

(2) Earnings estimates are an average of I/B/E/S, Zacks, and Nelsons estimates from Bloomberg as of 4/12/01.

(3) Darden team estimates of percentage of expected UTX synergies that could be achieved by other acquirors based on current business lines,

financing capabilities and debt ratings.

(4) Assumes all stock deal.

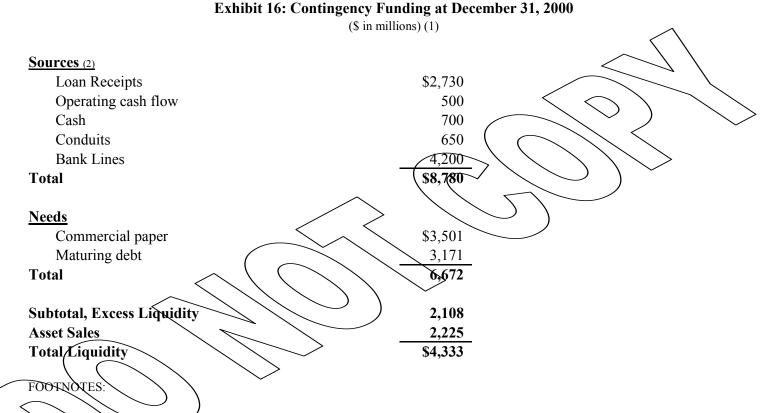
Source: Bloomberg; Yahoo Finance

Exhibit 15a: Danaher's Competing Bid

]	Heller's maximu Pre-bid share pr Probability of a Value of the con Expected Value	rice competing bio mpeting bid	d from Danaho	er	\$66.50 \$34.97 25% \$62.50 \$41.85			
					Valu	ie of Danaher	's Competing B	id 🔪	$\overline{)}$)	
		\$35.00	\$40.00	\$45.00	\$50.00	\$\$5.00	\$60.00	\$65,00	\$70.00	\$75.00	\$80.00
Probability	10%	34.97	35.47	35.97	36.47	36.97	37.47	\$7.97)	38.47	38.97	39.47
of Danaher's	25%	34.98	36.23	37.48	38.75	39.98	41.23	42.48	43.73	44.98	46.23
Competing	50%	34.99	37.49	39.99	42.49	~ 44.99 `	47.49	49.99	52.49	54.99	57.49
Bid	75%	34.99	38.74	42.49	46.24	49.99	53.74	57.49	61.24	64.99	68.74
	90%	35.00	39.50		48.50	535.00	57.58	62.00	66.50	71.00	75.50

Exhibit 15b: GE's Competing Bid

						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8				
			-	Heller's maxim Pre-bid share p	rice		25	\$66.50 \$34.97		\square	
				Probability of a Value of the co Expected Value	mpeting bid		(50% \$45.00 \$ 39.99	$\langle \bigcirc$	\sum	
		\$35.00	\$40.00	\$45.00	V \$50.00	alue of GE's (\$55.00	Competing Bid \$60.00	\$65.00	\$70.00	\$75.00	\$80.00
Probability of	10%	34.97	35.47	35.97	36.47	36.97	37.47 41.23	37,97	38.47	38.97 44.98	39.47 46.23
Danaher's	25% 50%	34.98 34.99	36.23 37.49	37.48 39.99	38.73	44.99	41.29	49.99	43.73 52.49	44.98 54.99	46.23 57.49
Competing Bid	50% 75%	34.99	37.49	42.49	46.24	49.99	53.74	57.49	61.24	54.99 64.99	68.74
Dia	90%	35.00	39.50	44.00	-48.50	53.00	57.50	62.00	66.50	71.00	75.50
			\langle		$\langle \rangle$		\searrow				



(1) This shows that HF has excess liquidity to handle being shut out of the capital markets for 12 months. In addition, UTX can limit its financing requirements of HF by developing a Keep Well Agreement. Currently HF has a Keep Well Agreement with Fuji Bank. The agreement stipulates that if HF should lack cash or credit facilities to meet its commercial paper obligations, then Fuji Bank will lend HF up to \$500M. The loan is payable on demand. In addition, the Keep Well Agreement provides that Fuji maintain HF's stockholders' equity at \$500 million. Fuji has never had to pay under this agreement and receives an annual commitment fee of approximately \$1 million per year in exchange for the agreement. The Keep Well does not expire until 2007 and prevents Fuji from relinquishing more than 50% voting control.

(2) Analysis obtained from Credit Suisse First Boston Analyst Report dated March 15, 2001.

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http://interactive.wsj.com/fr/emailthis/retrieve.cgi?id=SB996441111697437428.djm

